INSURANCE
All Indian Companies have done well in 1929
18

REGD. NO. A. 1981

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAM M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
The credit for this belongs to our people.
14

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XVIII NO. 231— BOMBAY TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

BARDOLI PEASANTS MAKING HISTORY

Mass Picketing In Bombay To-day.

FOUNDATIONS OF FREE INDIA NOW LAID.

Congress To-day Is The Indian People.

"FIGHT FOR REALITY AND CONQUEST OF POWER."

Jawaharlal's Rousing Speech At Allahabad.

ALLAHABAD, October 13.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a large audience at a public meeting last night said that he was proud to be the head of an illegal organisation. Referring to the Sapru-Jayakar conversations and the Viceroy's speech the Pandit said that so far as the Congress was concerned they would not be satisfied with any step, with any private assurance or with anything secret.

STAND FOR INDEPENDENCE.

Continuing Pandit Jawaharlal said, "Let all realise that the Congress stands for the independence of India and it will fight to the bitter end till it has achieved it."

Referring to the Congress as an organisation, he said, "Congress to-day is the Indian people, including every major and minor community. The Congress is not even Mahatma Gandhi great as he is. At any moment the Indian people decide otherwise they can put an end to our movement or carry it on in any other form."

NO COMPROMISE.

Coming to the programme ahead of them he said so far as the main items were concerned such as boycott of foreign cloth and British goods, prohibition and breach of salt tax, they would stick to them and there would be no compromise of any kind on any of these issues and no Congress Committee had any right or authority to come to any terms with any foreign cloth dealers.

SECOND PHASE BEGINS.

These four items were bound to continue. So also the various no tax campaigns going on in some parts of the country which would have to be extended soon to other parts." "The first phase of the great struggle had ended and the second stage was beginning—the stage of laying the foundations of the future free India."

CONQUEST OF POWER.

"We must be prepared" said the Pandit, "not only not to pay taxes to the British Government but also to do without any services they may render us. While lawyers argue and raise their petty quibbles in London, we in India will fight for reality and the conquest of power."—A. P.

"CARRY ON REAL FIGHT."

—:o:—

C. R.'s Exhortation.

MADRAS, October 13.

"The present is the psychological moment when "the Round Table Drama" is being played in London for the country to carry a real fight here" declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, President, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, addressing a meeting yesterday convened for welcoming him.

It is understood that Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has telegraphed to Pandit Motilal Nehru expressing his intention to spend a few days so as to guage the situation in South India and suggesting the boycott of the forthcoming census by refusing to answer questions put by enumerators.

CONGRESS SECRETARY JAILED

A Bellary message says that Mr K. Subba Rao, Secretary, District Congress Committee, Anantapur has been sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment under Section 108 Cr. P. C.—A. P.

53 BENGALIS ARRESTED.

—:o:—

For Burning Foreign Cloth.

CALCUTTA, October 13.

Simultaneous raids were conducted in Howrah town and suburbs to-day in course of which 53 young men belonging to different districts were arrested. The raids are stated to be connected with the burning of foreign cloth by Congress volunteers in a village within the jurisdiction of Jogacha police station.

CONGRESS OFFICE LOCKED.

The Santragachi Congress Office was also raided and has been locked by the police.

The Bellios Park Congress Camp, Howrah, was searched and Sudhangsu Chatterjee, the officer in charge of Congress volunteers there, was arrested.—A. P.

NEW PRESIDENT OF THE JAMIAT.

—:o:—

Maulana Husein Ahmed Of Deoband.

The "Al-Jamiat" of Delhi the official organ of the Jamiat-ul-Ulma announces that Maulana Kifayatullah the president of the Jamiat has appointed Maulana Husein Ahmed of Deoband as his successor to the presidentship of the Jamiat and the "War Council" of the Jamiat.

Maulana Husein Ahmed is one of the most illustrious Muslim theologians in India and is known as the successor of the late Sheikhul-Hind Maulana Mahmudul Hasan. It will also be recalled that Maulana Husein Ahmed was one of the accused in the famous Karachi trial in the N. C. O. days and was sentenced to two years rigorous imprisonment along with the Ali Brothers.

EVERY HOUSE A CONGRESS HOUSE.

—:o:—

Ahmedabad's Splendid Response!

AHMEDABAD, October 13.

In pursuance of appeal of Secretary and Dictator, Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee last evening a number of boards inscribed "Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee" have been put up at houses in a number of streets.—A. P.

SIX MORE VOLUNTEERS ARRESTED.

—:o:—

PESHAWAR, October 13.

Six more red volunteers from Charsadda were arrested to-day for picketing liquor shops in Peshawar city.

Afghan Crown Prince has reached Kabul.

HOWRAH CONGRESS OFFICE SEARCHED.

Howrah Congress Office was also searched and three volunteers were arrested.

Eight of the men previously arrested were later released and the remaining fortyfive have been sent up on various charges including rioting.

The Special Branch of the Calcutta police to-day raided several boarding houses and private residences in different parts of the city and arrested four men.—A. P.

WHAT THE FARMERS OF BARDOLI ARE SACRIFICING?

—:o:—

Bidding Goodbye To Standing Crops Worth Rs. 50 Lacs, 1,17,000 Acres Of Land Worth 6 Crores, Houses Worth 2-1/2 Crores.

COMPLETE HIJRAT FROM BARDOLI.

(From Our Correspondents.)

SURAT, Oct. 12.

On the 10th midnight only 6 hours before the Government took possession of the spacious buildings of Bardoli Swaraj Ashram, I was moving about in villages with a leading worker of the Ashram. We found all the villages from Bardoli to Vankaner and Valod to Mandvi completely deserted. Houses were locked from outside. Not a soul was found in any village. Cattle were let loose in the grazing land. Only labourers were seen in their huts, full of sorrow at the absence of their masters. Some of the inhabitants had not emigrated from their village but only with a purpose. They stayed behind to reap the ready rice crop from their fields. We visited some fields on our way. In a small area of 1 acre, where hardly 5 persons would be found working in normal times, we saw more than 50 men, women and young children working in dead haste at 12 midnight, some were cutting the rice some were separating the rice from the straw, some were gleaning and some were arranging the straw while others were throwing the rice in the carts and immediately the carts were filled up, they were driven away to some safer territory. All the processes from cutting to disposal of the crop were taking place simultaneously and finished in a few hours. Green fields in the evening were barren planes in the morning!

But farmers' anxiety is not over with the despatch of the carts. At any hour of the night they are followed by the police; so till they reach some non-British territory they are in constant fear of being arrested. In spite of all possible precautions a cart of a farmer from Bhamaiya village was stopped at night near Varad and taken possession of by one Jehangir, new Police Patel of Varad. That cart-full of grain together with the drivers and two bullocks still in custody of the Patel.

In spite of such a constant fear, farmers have almost removed their rice from the Taluka. But they cannot remove every thing from the fields at this time of the season. The people have been given the last warning on the 10th October to migrate to a man within 24 hours from the Taluka, farmers were awaiting that order from the Swaraj Ashram at any moment, and people did not wait to argue but obeyed.

THE SACRIFICE.

In bright moonlight of 10th October crowds of men, women and children, who still remained in villages, marched out and as what a great sacrifice? They own 117,000 acres of land in the Bardoli Taluka. Average value of land is Rs. 500 per acre. They have sacrificed to-day at least for the time being, lands worth nearly 6 crores of rupees. Houses of Bardoli farmers are not mere huts but decent, well built 'pacca' buildings. In round figures they are worth Rs. 3 crores at the minimum. And the standing crops in the fields, which took their whole year's labour, at least Rs. 50 lacs. Thus the farmers of Bardoli are sacrificing their all in this world for the fulfilment of their pledge to Mahatmaji and Sardar Vallabhbhai.

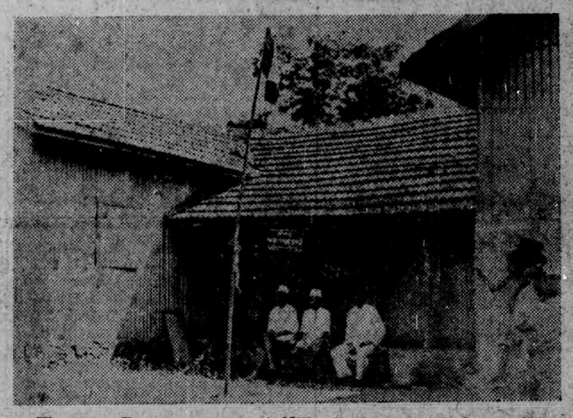
And where have they gone? What idea can the outside world have of the plight of the people? In open fields, they have erected bamboo roofs with all the four sides open. Such a small place has become the abode of many a family. All the conveniences of life are not with them, they are removed still farther away. And yet, the people do not grudge these hardships and miseries. They willingly migrated from the British territory at a word of command from the Ashram authority. Those few who remained in villages to reap the rice crop, have also migrated yesterday and to-day not a soul is to be seen in the villages of Bardoli Taluka.

FARMERS SETTING FIRE TO CROPS.

Some who could not remove their crops have set fire to them with their own hands and gone away. If necessity arises they are prepared to undertake still terrible sacrifices.

To-day, th whole Taluka is disorganised. Nobody knows where the inhabitants of a particular village have migrated.

NEW VILLE PARLE ASHRAM.



The new Congress camp at Ville Parle, opened soon after the first one was taken possession of by the police.

TWO EMINENT MUSLIM DIVINES SENTENCED.

Maulanas Kifayatullah And Ahmed Saeed.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, October 13.

Before Mr. Pool, Additional District Magistrate, the trial opened this morning of Mr. Moulana Mufti Kifayatullah, President, Jamiat-ul-Ulema and a member of the Congress Working Committee and Ahmed Saeed, Secretary, Jamaiat-ul-Ulema and fourth Dictator of the Delhi War Council. Muftisahib was charged under section 17 (1) and Ahmed Saeed under section 17 (2) Criminal Law Amendment Act. Both the accused were undefended.

In the case against the Muftisahib three prosecution witnesses were produced who deposed that the accused by his speeches delivered in the Queens Gardens, and at congress meetings on 20|9, 23|9, and 28|9, appealed to his audience, which sometimes numbered 20,000 to become members of the Congress which had been declared an unlawful association in order to oppose Government in its administration and thereby assisted the Congress in their unlawful activities. Muftisahab declined to take part in the proceedings. In the case against Maulana Ahmed Saeed 2 prosecution witnesses were produced who stated that the accused on 18|9 announced at the public meeting in the Queens Gardens that he was the dictator of the Delhi Congress Committee, which by then had been declared an unlawful association. The Maulana also declined to take part in the proceeding. Mr. Pool sentenced both of them to 6 months' simple imprisonment each, and placed both in "A" Class. The cacused received the sentences smilingly and thanked the court for courtesy shown to them.

BOMBAY LADIES TO HUNGER-STRIKE IN FRONT OF FOREIGN CLOTH SHOPS.

As a protest against the opening of foreign cloth market to-day, a number of Sikh and other ladies and volunteers belonging to different volunteer corps in the city to go on hunger strike in front of the shops at Mulji Jetha market.

For this purpose the help of the public of Bombay is sought. The hunger-strike will only end with the closing of the foreign cloth shops as long as the Congress wishes.

—:o:—

DESH SEVIKA SANGH.

—:o:—

There will be Drill Class to-day (Tuesday) at 4 p.m.

All enquiries regarding weaving of yarn of individuals should be made between 3 and 5 p.m. on week days, at Sukhanand Dharmashala.

On account of the opening of the Mulji Jetha Market, the picketing will have to be extended, and, therefore, all Sevikas who belong to the morning and noon groups are asked to come punctually at 9 a.m. at Seth Sukhanand's Dharamsala.

—:o:—

JOINT PICKETING.

The Satyagraha Committee having been informed about the resolution of the Foreign Cloth Merchants for opening their shops. It has been decided to picket those shops by the Satyagrahi Volunteers and Desh Sevikas.

FOREIGN CLOTH SHOPS TO REOPEN TO-DAY.

—:o:—

Congress To Start Intensive Picketing.

The unexpected decision of the cloth merchants of the Mulji Jetha Market to reopen business in foreign cloth from to-day (Tuesday) came as a bombshell to the "War Council" of the B. P. C. C. on Monday night.

"CLEAR BETRAYAL."

In Congress circles the action of the merchants is viewed as "a clear betrayal of the country's cause at this critical juncture."

Sjt. Nagindas Master, President of the "War Council" declared that the Congress would meet the challenge of the merchants by instituting "a most vigorous type of picketing."

INTENSIVE PICKETING.

A large number of Desh Sevikas and Congress volunteers have been drafted to picket the Mulji Jetha Market from to-day (Tuesday).

It will be recalled that about two months ago the merchants of the Mulji Jetha Market decided, of their own accord, to stop the sale of foreign cloth as a mark of protest against the repressive policy of th Government.

BEHIND THE PURDAH.

Since then it is believed in Congress circles that certain parties had been busy behind the scenes in an attempt to get the merchants to go back upon their old resolve.

The merchants succumbed to the "plot" and at a meeting held on Monday evening under the auspices of the Bombay Native Piecegoods Merchants' Association decided by a majority to reopen business in foreign cloth.

NEVER AGAIN.

It is estimated that foreign cloth worth Rs. 5 crores is lying idle with the merchants. They desire to dispose of the present stock but are pledged not to import foreign cloth in the future.

Persistent rumours are afloat that the B. P. C. C. will be declared illegal. The "War Council" is meeting daily to devise ways and means to ensure a continuance of the present Congress activities, "even if the worst happens."

A Ward District Congress Committee.

—:o:—

The Council of the "A" Ward District Congress Committee met yesterday and decided to dissolve itself. Mr. Madhavdas has been appointed Dictator.

(Continued from column 7.)

ed and to withdraw its Agency in South Africa, as a protest against the Bill.

INDIAN PROTEST ABUNDANTLY JUSTIFIED

—:o:—

Matter Of Life & Death To Indian Traders.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 13.

The "Star" in the course of editorial comment on the emergency conference of South African Indian Congress, which was held at Johannesburg to protest against the proposed Asiatic Tenure Bill, which will enforce some form of segregation upon Transvaal Indians, says that the protest is abundantly justified.

"MATTER OF LIFE & DEATH."

The Conference unanimously passed a resolution calling for further Round Table Conference on the Cape Town model, if Government declined to give reasonable protection to Indian interests and for the rupture of relations between India and the Union, marked by a withdrawal of Indian Agency from South Africa, should no Conference take place.

The "Star" says some desperation is inevitable, as the Bill by its nature is a matter of life and death for Indian traders in the Transvaal. "Persistence in new anti-Indian legislation in South Africa will seriously complicate the already enormously difficult task of Indian Government and the Secretary of State for India. If Empire solidarity means anything at all, it means that one part of King's Dominions ought to be able to rely on exemption from gratuitous embarrassments of this kind at the hands of other parts, especially at moments of crisis".

CAPE TOWN AGREEMENT VIOLATED.

"Natal Witness" says there can be no doubt that the Bill disregards the spirit of Cape Town Agreement, but expresses the hope that drastic measures proposed in the Conference will not be given effect to until Sir Kurma Reddi places the view of Indian Government before a responsible Union Minister.

Perhaps an emphatic declaration of the Conference will have the effect of centring public opinion upon the problem, which threatens to be productive of some undoubted injustice to Transvaal Indians.

In conclusion the paper expresses the hope that Congress will avoid the mistake of prejudicing their cause by appeals to drastic action before such action is necessary.—Reuter.

Violation Of Cape Town Agreement.

COMPULSORY SEGREGATION & ULTIMATE RUIN THREATENED.

S. A. INDIANS DEMAND R. T. CONFERENCE.

Withdraw Transvaal Asiatic T. Amendment Bill.

MARITZBURG, Oct. 13.

The Congress has passed the following resolution unanimously and we appeal to India to demand the withdrawal of the Bill:—

This Emergency Conference of South African Indian Congress, held at Johannesburg, at which are represented the Natal Indian and Transvaal Indian Congresses and the Cape British Indian Council, representing the Indian community in South Africa views with great apprehension and alarm the Transvaal Asiatic Tenure Amendment Bill which, it solemnly declares is wholly unacceptable to the Indian community on the following grounds:

A VIOLATION.

That the Bill is a violation, both in letter and spirit of the Cape-town agreement. That it imposes disabilities upon Indians in regard to their trade, residence and occupation and deprives them of their vested rights in the Transvaal Province and that it aims at their compulsory segregation and their ultimate ruin in that province.

WANT R. T. CONFERENCE.

This Conference, therefore, respectfully urges upon the Union Government to withdraw the said Bill and to introduce the necessary legislation giving relief to Indians in that provinces, that in the event of the Union Government declining to withdraw the Bill, notwithstanding the protest of the community, this Conference earnestly requests the Indian Government to press for a Round Table Conference to review the situation that has arisen affecting Indians in the Transvaal.

WITHDRAW AGENCY.

In the event of Indian Government failing to secure Round Table Confertnce, aforementioned, this Conference further requests it to intimate to the Union Government that the diplomatic relations between two governments should be considered to have ceas-

(Continued in column 5.)

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Sixteen Words and

ONE ANNA

For each Additional Word
Terms:—CASH with Order.
INSTRUCTIONS.
The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.
Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.
Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.
Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED SEVERAL ORGANISING Managers on a salary of Rs. 100 per month to distribute loans in Mofussil according to Loan Scheme of the Bank. More than Rs. 1,00,000 (One Lakh) have been invested during the last few months. Only the selected candidates shall get the full particulars. No personal interview will be allowed before selection. Application stating qualifications and age should be forwarded to the Calcutta office of the Bank. The MIDLAND BANK (INDIA) LTD., 8, Canning Street, Calcutta.
A

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AGENTS or CANVASSERS on pay or commission for a well established concern manufacturing Swadeshi Provisions and Toilet Requisites. The applicant should be expert in bringing orders; and canvassing business in this line. Knowledge of English essential. Pay and Commission according to the capacity for securing business. Apply to:—I. B. BHARGAVA, Prop., United Chemical and Perfumery Works, "Phulnwas," Civil Lines, Ajmer.
A R3444

WANTED—AGENTS on salary and commission or both for the United India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Madras. Apply to the SPECIAL AGENT, Bombay 19.
A R3443

WANTED—Influential DISTRICT and DIVISIONAL AGENTS for People's Insurance Co., Ltd., Attractive Insurance schemes including a rupee monthly policy. Liberal terms for guranteed business. Apply CHAINANI & CO. Post Box 4001, Bombay 7.
A R3389

Educational

WANTED—STUDENTS for Accountancy, Secretarial Practice, Shorthand, Typing. For full particulars, apply PRINCIPAL, GREGG COLLEGE, Ahmedabad.
E 1781

ACCOUNTANCY ASSOCIATE London diploma in one month taught free by Post December Examination. Apply prospectus PAITHANKER 262 Budhawar, Poona City.
M R3353

Medical.

IS REJUVENATION POSSIBLE WITHOUT OPERATION OR INJECTION? Yes, science succeeded it. For full particulars Apply SAILASRAM." P. O. Chandanpur (Khulna) Bengal.
M R3336

Trade Announcement.

SECOND HAND 31 lbs. per yard flat rooted rails with fittings first class condition for immediate disposal, good opportunity for Colliery owners. Further particulars and prices from MANECKCHAND JIVRAJ & Co., Darukhana, Post No. 10, Bombay. Telegrams, "Railplant."
T R3414

Greif Rapid Rotary duplicator—most up-to-date and efficient Rotary. Price Rs. 150. Apply Greif Products (India) Agency, 24 Churchgate Street, Bombay, and Poona No. 2. 1802

Public Notices

NOTICE FOR TENDER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned are prepared to receive the tenders for the constructions of Stalls, Tower, Artistic Entrance and fencing of corrugated iron sheets at Cooperage Maidan for the purpose of the "All-India Swadeshi Exhibition" to be held on the 22nd November 1930, according to the plans prepared for the purpose. The plan can be inspected at Office of S. D. Prabhavalkar, Esq., Consulting Engineer, 17, Elphinstone Circle, during the Office hours and the condition and form of Tender may be obtained at the same office.

Time is the essence of Contract and the undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders must be sent in sealed envelope before 12 o'clock noon on the 24th day of October, 1930 addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for the Construction".

By Order,
All-India Swadeshi Exhibition,
A. H. KULKARNI,
LALBHAI PATEL,
Jt. Hon. Secretaries.
Shinganee Building,
Girgaum Back Road,
Bombay.
1814A

NOTICE FOR TENDER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned are prepared to receive tenders for the "Installation for Lights and Fans for the "All-India Swadeshi Exhibition" to be held at the Cooperage Maidan on the 22nd November, 1930, in accordance with plan which can be inspected at the Office of S. D. Prabhavalkar, Esq Consulting Engineer, 17, Elphinstone Circle, during Office hours where forms of contract can be obtained.

Time is the essence of the Contract and the undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders must be sent in a sealed envelope before 12 o'clock noon on the 24th day of October, 1930 addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Electric Installation".

Dated the 12th day of October 1930.

By Order,
All-India Swadeshi Exhibition,
A. H. KULKARNI,
LALBHAI PATEL,
Jt. Hon. Secretaries.
Shinganee Building,
Girgaum Back Road,
Bombay.
1814

NOTICE.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIERS to know that the Yeotmal Municipal Committee has decided to have electric lighting in the Yeotmal Town To begin with the Municipal Committee shall guarantee 250 lamps with 50 candle-power at the rate of Rs. 2-8 per lamp per month.

There is a good scope for private customers. Any one desirous to start electric installation on business proposition stands a very good chance of prospering. Enquiry will be welcome. Attention of enterprising firms and individuals is drawn to this field. Proposals should reach me before the 1st November, 1930. Any Company or firm may quote its rates.

R. C. MERCHANT,
Vice-President,
Municipal Committee,
Yeotmal (Berar).
Yeotmal, the 11th October, 1930.
1312

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE OF CALICUT.

E. P. NO. 677 OF 1929.
O. S. NO. 64 OF 1925.

Between:—
E. KANARAN
..... Petitioner (Plaintiff)
and
M. M. J. H. M. CHHOTANI
..... Respondent (Defendant)

Since the draft proclamation and notice to the Defendant in the above matter have been returned without being personally served, it is hereby notified as per order of the Court that the above petition has been posted for hearing on the 15th October, 1930.

(Sd.) K. V. SURYANARAYANA AYYAR,
Advocate for Petitioner.
Calicut, 8th October, 1930.
1794

Motors and Accessories

NEW MODEL "40" RUGBY TOURING, slightly used for Demonstration purpose as new. Offered at a greatly reduced price. HILL SAWYER & CO. LTD., New Queens Road, Bombay.
JA 1803

Profession.

N. PURUSHOTTAM, original Bombay Fortune-teller and Evil Counteracter, has retired and is observing silence for further progress. He will however help all through the post as usual if addressed with a reply envelop to N. PURUSHOTTAM, Natu's Hanuman Temple, Baroda.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1900

THIRTY YEARS .... Rs. 12,50,000

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees of the Port of Bombay will on SATURDAY the 1st day of November, 1930, pay to the holders of the Debentures of the above Loan, all principal moneys and interest due up to 31st October, 1930, in respect of such Debentures, upon presentation and surrender of the said Debentures, at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Bombay, between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 1-30 p.m. on the said 1st day of November, 1930, from and after which date interest will cease to run on any of the said Debentures not so presented and surrendered as aforesaid.

Holders are requested to lodge their Debentures for repayment some time before the 1st November, 1930, so that the preliminary examination required may not operate to prevent payment being made on the due date.

Dated this 17th day of September, 1930.

By order of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay,
N. M. MORRIS,
Secretary.
1763

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,

MODIFIED UPTO JANUARY 1926.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the Eleventh day of December, 1930, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of

the public street known as Khattaraly lane between Thakurdwar Road and Kandewady lane.

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this Ninth day of October, 1930.

A. R. DALAL,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
1813

Public Notices

SALE OF SANDALWOOD
—:o:—
On 1st December, 1930, at 1 p.m. at Fraserpet, Coorg, about 300 tons of cleaned sandalwood will be sold in public auction in small lots.

For further particulars, please apply to the CHIEF FOREST OFFICER, Coorg, Mercara.
1809

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Midwife at the Ilkal Municipal Dispensary, pay Rs. 30, plus Rs. 5 house rent per month. Private practice allowed. Promotion on approved service. Only qualified and experienced need apply with testimonials, stating qualification, moral character, and past experience, to the undersigned, before 31-10-1930. Preference will be given to those, that know Kanarese.

N. B. SAPPARAD,
President,
Municipality, Ilkal.
Municipal Office,
Ilkal, 10-10-1930.
F. M. BARDAWAD,
Secretary, I. M.
1800

Tender.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED by the end of 31st October, 1930, for the purchase of (2,000) sandal-roots weighing about four tons from the Sandur State. They are kept open for inspection in the Forest Office, Sandur. These roots are ordinarily chipped off and can best be utilized for the extraction of the sandal-oil. Any further particulars on the subject can be had from the Huzur Cutchery, Sandur. Applicants whose tenders are accepted should pay full price of the materials before they are removed. The tender should be sent in a sealed cover to the undersigned in time.

(Sd.) G. T. KONNUR,
Dewan of Sandur.
1806

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Joint Hindu family property and credits standing in the name of RAMCHANDRA VYANKAJI RANGNEKER, of Bombay Gaud Sarasvat Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, employed as a Head Clerk in Hajee Kasam Jasub and Co., at the time of his death residing at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

ATMARAM RAMCHANDRA RANGNEKER, of Bombay, Gaud Sarasvat Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, the son of the abovenamed deceased and at present the senior male member of the joint Hindu family by profession, a medical practitioner, residing at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay, Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esq., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Fourteenth Day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twenty-first year of our Reign.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

The 14th day of August, 1930.
Messrs. D. G. DESAI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1817

WEAK & THIN
children can be made strong and fleshy by reading free book of Dr. M. Bose, B.A., M.D., H.B.L.
PARBATIPUR, E.B. Ry., (Bengal).

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

Petition for letters of Administration of the property and credits of TAR MAHOMED ABHA late of Bombay Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Bhuj Moholla, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

Bai KHATUBAI, wife of Cassum Tar Mahomed, the son of the deceased Tar Mahomed Abba, of Bombay Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, a lunatic, residing at Bhuj Moholla outside, the Fort of Bombay. ... Petitioner.

To,

(1) MAHOMED ABDUL REHMAN, Esqr., and (2) NOORMAHOMED ABDUL REHMAN, Esqr., both of them sons of Abdul Rehman, a predeceased brother of the deceased Tar Mahomed Abba abovenamed residing at Musjid Bunder Road.

TAKE NOTICE that the petition herein, dated the 4th day of September, 1930, presented by the petitioner abovenamed praying that she as the wife of the said lunatic Cassum Tar Mahomed may be appointed for the purpose of applying for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of the said deceased Tar Mahomed Abba for the use and benefit of the said lunatic Cassum Tar Mahomed and limited until he becomes of sound mind will be heard by the Honourable the Testamentary Judge in Chambers on the 17th day of October 1930 at 11-15 a.m. in the forenoon when you are required to appear to show cause (if any you have) why the prayer in the said petition should not be granted as prayed for.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1930.

HASAN BAXI & CO.
Petitioner's Attorneys.

Auction Sales.

Messrs. VORA & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.
62, Medows Street, Fort
Tel. No. 22064.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) the 15th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) of very valuable teak and blackwood complete furniture bungalow, fireproof safe, gramophones, records, Singer sewing machine, harmonium, electric lamps, glass and panel door almirahs, dining table and chairs, silver show cases, glassware, crockery etc., etc., at Chowpatty Sea Face, Babulal Mansion, next to Vianelli's Restaurant.

The above is on view and catalogues are ready.

VORA & CO.

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section, 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879, and as from time to time amended and under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 14th October, 1930 at 2 p. m. in the Liquor Warehouse at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

Cold. Cotton, Poplin; Clocks; logs match Wood and Materials; Cement; Chemicals; Lampware; Disinfectant (Dysol Tablets); Electric seating Machine; Machinery; Medicine; Wine; Cow Hides; etc., etc.

MENESSE & CO.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 26th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "Saira Cottage" (Davar Hall Compound), Warden Road valuable household Jacobean Furniture by Benjamin, Roberts and other well-known makers, such as dining table, chairs, side-boards, dinnerwaggon, drawing room suites, writing tables, cupboards, book cases, glass door, dressing chest of drawers, bedsteads, show-cases, cabinets, side-tables, teapoys glass, crockery and plated ware etc., etc.

Property of a European gentleman proceeding Home

Catalogues will be published and property on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALL MUSIC-ALL SOUND-ALL DIALOGUE
ALSO
'THE GOLDEN PAGODA'
A Wonderful Series of Pathe Travel Films which no one should miss.
RED HOT RHYTHM
PATHE
6-30 & 10 p.m.
Matinee Sat. & Sun. 4 p.m.
Red Hot Rhythm.
50 Beautiful Chorus Girls, Scenes in Pathe Colour
Pathe Gazette
Musical Comedy Success with ALAN HALE
Pathe Picture

BREEZY ROMANCE, LOVELY CLOSE-UPS, FLASHY EVENTS, ARABIC AMOURS, SUNNY TROPICS AND LUSTY LIFE. ALL WELDED INTO ONE IN
The Ace of KRISHNA Picture
YASMINA
YASMINA
A story with warm human interest and filled with novel twists throughout.
Directed by PROFULLA GHOSE
Picturized by GORDHANDAS PATEL.
From the Photo-play by R. K. Lele, B.A. (Hons.) LL.B.
YASMINA
A picture so down to earth, so packed with HUMOUR AND PATHOS that each one will vie with the other in the honest praise of it.
featuring:—
RAMPYARI, HYDERSHAH, PEHLWAN AND ARAB SANDOW.
SEE HOW
The two Lovers groped the way through darkness on to Light—and on to
LOVER'S PARADISE
inspite of the uncompromising villain who wouldn't stop at anything to further his nefarious plans.
An Oriental Romance which will PLEASE YOU, THRILL YOU MOVE YOU, and LIVE WITH YOU always.
NEXT SATURDAY AT THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

EXCELSIOR
THEATRE
LAST DAY
6-30 and 10 p.m.
THIS IS HEAVEN
featuring
VILMA BANKY.
An Engagement Ring, Partnership in a Taxi, and Dreams—such was Her Heaven

RIALTO CINEMA
DAILY at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MARION DAVIES,
WILLIAM HAINES
in
SHOW PEOPLE
Love, laughter and a score of Stars including
CHARLIE CHAPLIN,
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS,
NORMA TALMADGE,
ROD LA ROCQUE,
RENEE ADOREE,
JOHN GILBERT.

EMPIRE
THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.
DOES LAW MEAN JUSTICE?
SEE
THE CASE OF LENA SMITH
featuring
ESTHER RALSTON
A Woman is Accused of Love! She loved unwisely! And the Law demanded the penalty.
Also Showing
UNIVERSAL SERIAL
Tarzan The Tiger.

EMPRESS
THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
A Tremendous Struggle between Love and Passion.
UNDERTOW
featuring
MARY NOLAN.
The irresistible backlash of love which drags a woman into the arms of another man.

ROYAL
Opera House,
6-30 and 10 p.m.
A SCREEN MASTERPIECE
HOOR-E-ARAB
featuring
PATIENCE COOPER.
Have you ever crossed the threshold of that lovely region where bloody battle becomes a love-mad hero's delight. This realm of Romance has a fascination that none but cowards can resist. Come to see it carried to perfection.
MADAN THEATRES PRODUCTION

THE CAPITOL
DAILY AT 6-30 AND 10 P.M.

Her
BUSTER KEATON
TALK & SING
In
FREE and EASY
Supported by
WILLIAM HAINES
ANITA PAGE
ROBERT MONTGOMERY
T. IXIE
FRIGANZA
Free List Suspended.

DICK BARTHELMESS
IS COMING TO ENTERTAIN YOU DURING
DIVALI HOLIDAYS
KEEP YOUR DATES OPEN.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

12-0 noon:—Gramophone records.
9-20 p.m.: Saraswatibai Faterpekar, (vocal music).

—:o:—

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

DEATH.

BHARUCHA—At Poona. Serenebai wife of Dr. Erach S. Bharucha and daughter of the late Sir Bazonji Dadabhoy Mehta of Nagpur. Funeral Tuesday morning at Poona.

PUBLIC MEETING AT DADAR.

A public meeting of the Youths and Students of Dadar will be held to-day at 4-30 p.m. in the open maidan near Tilak Bridge when Mr. H. B. Mandavale, will speak on "students and the National Movement."

DADAR YOUTH LEAGUE SWADESHI BAZAAR.

The opening ceremony of the Dadar Youth League Swadeshi Bazaar has been postponed to 25th October at the request of stall holders who are now engaged in other parts of the city.

P. R. LELE FOR NASIK.

Mr. P. R. Lele has been transferred to Nasik Jail from Arthur Road yesterday.

PRABHAT PHERIES ENTERTAINMENT.

Under the auspices of the Akhil Bharat Prabhat Phery Sangh there will be a general gathering of all prabhat pheries on Wednesday at 8-30 p.m. at Chaupaty Sands.

WARNING TO THE PUBLIC.

A Bombay Congressman writes:

Mr. K. G. Patni had never gone to Nasik, Ahmednagar, and Khandesh, he was sick here in Hospital. Let a volunteer who came from above places prove that he had gone to above mentioned places. Whatever funds he had collected he had already paid to Congress.

A certain gentleman from Bombay styling himself as Congress Volunteer No., 225 Mr. S. H. Wren alias Hari Wren collects funds in the name of Congress. He is short and black.

He also sells cartoons despatching Eleven Points of Mahatmaji the sale proceeds of which he says go to volunteer relief fund.

He has no connection with the Congress, public are therefore requested to take note of this.

CHARKHA INSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

The Secretary, Navjivan Sangh writes:—

A Charkha Instructing Committee of nearly ten members has been appointed by the Navjivan Sangh. They have been entrusted with the work of examining, repairing and giving necessary instructions in Charkha, by going from house to house. They bear a letter signed by the Secretary of the Sangh, which certifies them for the above work, and we request the public to ask for the same at any time.

We hope all others interested in Charkha whose addresses we have not got, will write for our services in the above matter.

MR. MEHTA'S HOUSE RAIDED.

The house of Mr. Ramnikral Mehta of Vile Parle was raided on Monday afternoon by Mr. Khan, Sub-Inspector of Police and 40 armed constables. The case against Mr. Mehta has been postponed to Thursday.

Latest Cotton Prices.

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK MARKET.

—:o:—

New York, Oct. 13.

New York Market is closed to-day.

Broach Expectations A./M. Rs. 196-8.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

—:o:—

JANUARY NEW 1931.

Liverpool Oct. 13.

Previous Closing Rate	5.69
To-day's Opening Rate	5.68
Difference	—.01
To-day's Closing Rate	5.65
Difference	—.04

DICK BARTHELMESS

IS COMING TO ENTERTAIN YOU DURING

DIVALI HOLIDAYS

KEEP YOUR DATES OPEN.

FIRE-WORKS ON FIRE.

Disastrous Outbreak In City.

LOSS ESTIMATED AT HALF A LAKH.

A disastrous fire broke out in the early hours of Monday morning resulting in the loss of property worth about Rs. 50,000. A building was completely gutted, while five men of the Fire Brigade staff sustained burns and had to be removed to hospital for treatment. The fire spread panic among the residents, as it originated in the godown containing fireworks and fire arms. The fire works ignited and burst with terrific explosion which made the residents who were in bed terror-stricken. The fire originated at about 5 a.m. in the shop belonging to Mr. Abdulhussein Issabhoy Bandookwalla in Abdul Rehman Street. The fire brigade station at Byculla being informed, fire engines from Byculla, Bhulleshwar Gowalia Tank, Babula Tank and Colaba immediately came to the scene. Owing to the combustible nature of the articles stored in the building, viz: crackers, fire arms and ammunition, the fire spread to the adjoining buildings and the shops of Mr. Samsudin Isaji and Mr. M. M. Dosaji were also ablaze. The fire was brought under control in about an hour. Five men of the fire brigade sustained injuries by the explosion of the fire works. They were removed to the hospital for treatment. The cause of fire is not known. The loss is estimated at Rs. 50,000. The shop of Mr. Abdulhussein was completely gutted.

RECONSTRUCTION IN ISLAM.

(Continued from page 4)

now to open our mind's eye and examine the first principles of Islam. Shall we not hearken to the call of one who sings.

Bi niyaz az gush-i imruz amadam
Man sada-i shair-i fardastam.
"I care not for the Ear of To-day,
I am the voice of the poet of To-morrow."

The book we hope will go into a second edition and we should then like an index to be included. Its need is sorely felt. In the beginning of the book, a short summary of each lecture or argument could be usefully added. And some admirer or pupil should hunt up all the references and label them carefully. At present there are no references and no footnotes. Iqbal the Poet may be allowed this latitude; but not Iqbal the Philosopher or Iqbal the Reformer.

E Ward Elects Provincial Committee.

—:o:—

(Through Byculla "E" Ward Dist. Congress Committee.)

On behalf of the above committee the meeting of the Congress members of "E" Ward was held at 11 a.m. on Sunday, in Bharat Sewa Mandal's Sibir and the provisial committee of the following members with Mr. Shankerrao Pupalla the President and Mr. R. K. Achreker, the Secretary, was elected. The following resolution was passed.

The Committee as below is empowered to co-opt six more members in the Committee:—

President.—Mr. Shankerrao K. Pupalla. Secretary.—Mr. R. K. Achreker. Members.—Messrs. N. V. Nakawa; H. M. Wanpatty, K. L. Barker; B. G. Powar; Dr. S. B. Manjrekar; Messrs. J. N. Survey; T. M. Wagh; H. E. Udwalloo; Shantaram Lamage. Memon; H. D. Raja; L. N. Pupalla.

A draft constitution in accordances with the rules and regulations of B. P. C. C. was discussed and adopted.

A Correction.

—:o:—

The Managing Agent of Chand Branch Tea Company writes.—

We regret to note that the article under heading "The National Militia Swadeshi Bazar" by a visitor appearing in your issue of 9th inst., has done a great injustice to us by stating that the first attractive stall upstairs was that of Amber Tips Tea. Messrs. Amber Tips occupied no stall in this Bazar, but they placed a small stock of their teas in the Militia Stalls. Hence there is no possibility of an attractive stall. The fact is that the attractive stall on the first floor belonged to Chand Brand Tea.

—:o:—

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

At a meeting held on 7th inst. the Managing Committee considered it desirable to call a Social Meeting of Medical men and lay men interested in the question of the establishment of an Indian Ambulance Society.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh will open a discussion on the above subject on the Social Evening to be held at the Union Rooms on Thursday the 16th. inst. at 7-3 p. m. (S T.)

Doctors are invited to attend with guests.

Ill-Treatment Of Politicals In Presidency Jails.

"FOOD SUPPLIED IS UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION."

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION DEMANDS A THOROUGH ENQUIRY.

H. M. Chowna On Butter.

There was considerable excitement in the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Monday over an adjournment motion which was intended to protest against the conviction of Maulana Kifayatullah and the Ninth Ordinance of the Viceroy. Mr. H. A. Laljee, President, as a via media, allowed the adjournment of the House for ten minutes but when the Councillors met after ten minutes, another adjournment was moved which created a strong opposition.

The Municipal Commissioner protested and he was followed by several other supporters. The motion was carried to a division and defeated. Another proposition to name a certain portion of the Road as Perin Road was also defeated by the House.

The resolution for the appointment of a non-official Enquiry Committee to enquire and report in regard to the ill-treatment of the political prisoners was agreed to after some opposition.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION.

Mr. Fateh Mohmed Maniar moved that the Corporation do adjourn. Giving his reasons in support of the adjournment Mr. Maniar said that it was to protest against the conviction of Maulana Mufti Kifayatulla, President of Jamiat-ul-Ulema and a member of the Congress Working Committee. The motion was also brought, said Mr. Maniar, to express the Corporation's protest against the Ninth Ordinance of the Viceroy. Mr. Kanji K. Master seconded the proposition.

The President expressed his sympathy towards Maulana Kifayatulla, but appealed to the mover of the proposition not to press for it as they generally adjourned the House to protest against the conviction of the President of the Congress, members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and also prominent and well-known citizens of Bombay. The Maulana was not a Bombay man and the President suggested a 'via media' to avoid opposition that the House do adjourn without transacting any business of the August agenda, which was to be taken in hand at that time. This being agreed to by Mr. Maniar, the president put the proposition to vote and declared it carried 'nem con'.

ANOTHER MOTION.

After ten minutes when the House met again, Mr. Maniar got up and moved adjournment of the House. Mr. M. M. Killedar seconded the proposition. The president did not hear the adjournment moved by Mr. Maniar and called upon Dr. M. C. Javle to move the proposition standing in his name. This Dr. Javle did and again Mr. Maniar got up and moved adjournment of the House seconded by Mr. Killedar. The President did not seem to hear Mr. Maniar and asked Mr. Parelkar to move the proposition standing in his name.

Mr. M. N. Talpade thereupon raised a point of order whether the President was right in asking other members to move the propositions when an adjournment of the House was moved.

The President: Mr. Maniar's proposition was not seconded and therefore I asked other members to move propositions standing in their names.

Mr. Talpade assured the President that Mr. Killedar had seconded the motion. Mr. Maniar, therefore, for the third time moved adjournment of the House and again Mr. Killedar seconded it.

COMMISSIONER'S PROTEST.

The Commissioner at this stage got up and expressed his regret at the abuse of the privilege made by certain members. He said that the latitude given to members of moving the adjournment of the House was now being absolutely abused and the work of the Corporation and the city was being disorganised by such resolutions. Whatever may be the merits of the gentleman in whose honour the adjournment of the August meeting was moved, it was certain that he was not directly connected with the Bombay Presidency or the city of Bombay, or the Bombay Municipal Corporation. Although a large majority of the House appeared to oppose the first resolution, the President had allowed the adjournment so that nobody's feeling might be hurt. Now Mr. Maniar had again moved the adjournment without assigning the slightest reason for doing so. This he characterised as wanton abuse of the privilege and a wanton waste of time of the Corporation. He, therefore, strongly protested against the waste of time of the Corporation.

"EASY TOOLS".

Mr. Jamnadas expressed himself against adjournment motions which did no good to the House and which practically suspended the Municipal Act. He however protested against the attitude of the President and the Municipal Commissioner to hide the way of the proposer and seconder of the adjournment motions by making an understanding with men like Dr. Javle and Mr. Parelkar who made themselves easy tools.

President: Please do not make personal insinuations.

Mr. Jamnadas continuing said that it was the constitutional right of every member to move adjournment of the House and in view of the attitude of the executive, he would support the adjournment motion.

Dr. Javle explained that he had not played into the hands of the President or the Commissioner, but as the proposition was in his hand already he moved it when called upon to do so by the President.

TAIRSEE TO THE RESCUE.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee opposed the adjournment motion and warned Mr. Maniar that if the adjournment was carried it would make a very bad example in future.

The President also advised Mr. Maniar to withdraw his motion since he (President) had already allowed it once, in spite of the opposition. He requested Mr. Maniar to keep the prestige of the House.

A SCHOOL MASTER!

Mr. M. N. Talpade strongly protested against the way in which the Commissioner had addressed the house which he said was more like a Head Master addressing the students. The Councillors had a public duty to perform and he emphasised that even if the motion was thrown out, it would be carried some other time.

The proposition was put to the vote and declared lost by show of hands. A poll was demanded and it was declared lost by 20 votes against 29.

NO PERIN ROAD.

Mr. Fateh Mohmed Maniar then moved that the Commissioner be requested to submit proposals for naming portions of Girgaon Back Road from Lamington Road to the Gamdevi Railway Crossing and the low level road to the east of the Kennedy Bridge as Perin Road. The proposition was negatived.

ILL TREATMENT OF POLITICALS

Mr. Fateh Mohmed Maniar moved another resolution that the Corporation are of opinion that in view of certain allegations made regarding the ill-treatment of the political prisoners of the present campaign in the Presidency Jails, it is necessary that a non-official Inquiry Committee composed of the representatives of the Municipal Corporation, Indian Merchants' Chamber and some public citizens should be appointed by Government to enquire into and report on the said allegations.

That the President be requested to communicate the above Resolution to the Government of Bombay with a request that they will be pleased to take necessary action in the matter."

THOSE CONSTITUTIONALISTS!

Prof. V. G. Rao raised a point of order that the Corporation had no jurisdiction of enquiring into the administration of the Presidency Jails.

The Commissioner also opined that there were many jails in the Presidency like Visapur and others which had nothing to do with Bombay.

The President ruled the proposition in order since there were many Bombay citizens undergoing imprisonment in the Presidency jails whose treatment required an enquiry.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai pointed out that the condition of the Esplanade Lock-up which was filthy and insanitary and which was brought to light when Sardar Patel and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya were placed there for a couple of days.

ARTHUR ROAD JAIL AS IT IS.

Mr. B. N. Mehisheri who was released on Monday from Arthur Road Jail attended the meeting and was heartily congratulated by the President. Speaking on his jail experience, Mr. Mehisheri said he had experience of Nasik, Yeravda and Bombay Jails. He spoke as a Councillor in the interest of the City and not as a political agitator. He was brought to Arthur Road jail twelve days ago, and in these twelve days he lost weight by five pounds. This was, he said, a sufficient commentary on the jail life in Bombay. He did not care to speak on the work that was given but he spoke only on two questions, viz food and sanitation.

The food supplied to the prisoners was so bad that it was unfit even for animal consumption. In regard to the sanitation it was deplorable. There was a municipal sweepers' chawl close by whose sanitation did not do credit to the Bombay Municipality. Then in the rear there was a Dhobi Chaut which bred flies and mosquitoes. The latrines in the Arthur Road Jail were in such a filthy condition that he had to request the Superintendent to make use of phenyle, which he did very scantily.

Mr. Balubhai T. Desai also gave an instance of the death of a young Hindu named Ratilal who died in the Yeravda jail in seven days after admission because he was put on chaki.

CHOWNA'S EXPERIENCE.

Mr. H. M. Chowna thought that the Government had made a great mistake in creating "A" "B" and "C" classess. The "A and "B" classes were given even milk and butter and were very kindly treated. He thought that jail officials knew their duty as to how they should treat the prisoners.

Mr. M. E. Sarang thought that the contractors who catered for the prisoners made lot of money at the expense of the prisoners.

Mr. M. G. Kapadia emphasised that grave allegations were made against jail officials and an enquiry was necessary.

The proposition was carried by a large majority and the Corporation then adjourned till Thursday.

NO DRILLING ALLOWED.

Azad Maidan Ban Extended.

—:o:—

The Government of Bombay have issued the following notification dated the 10th October:—

Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that there is danger to human life and safety and a likelihood of a riot or an affray in the City of Bombay, and whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, dated the 20th June 1930, issued under sub-section (1) of section 144 of the Code of Criminal Precedure, 1898 (V of 1898), which was extended by Government Notification No. S.D. 3525, dated the 17th August 1930, for a period of two months from the 20th August 1930, should continue in force for a further period of two months from the 20th October 1930.

The order referred to is the Chief Presidency Magistrates' ban on the Provincial Congress Committee against drilling, exercising and moving in formation its volunteers and other men in the Esplanade Maidan within sight of, and in proximity to, the Indian Infantry Regiments.

"SWADESHI BAZAR MELA."

The Swadeshi Prachar Samiti of Ujjain has launched a scheme of opening a "Swadeshi Bazar" in Ujjain in connection with annual Kartiki Mela (Fair) from 3rd to 9th November.

BOMBAY SWADESHI LEAGUE WORKERS' MEETING.

A meeting of all the workers of the League will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) 6-30 p.m. at the League's premises to consider the arrangements for the Swadeshi Week, when all workers are requested to be present."

DRAMA IN AID OF NATIONAL MILITIA.

National Amateurs will stage "Sanshaya Kalol" in aid of National Militia at the Ballwalla Grand Theatre to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

SJT. A. V. MEHTA SENTENCED TO 5 MONTHS R.I.

Among those who were arrested in the Vile Parle Satyagraha camp in the early hours of Saturday last was Mr. Ajitrai V. Mehta who was later on sentenced to five months rigorous imprisonment.

He is the third President, and the tenth member of the Vile Parle Youth League to be jailed since the present movement started.

BOMBAY PRISONERS FOR POONA.

Monday, Oct. 13.

It is understood that Prof. Dharmanand Kosambi, has been removed to Yeravda Central Jail this morning by the Poona Passenger train along with 50 others convicted on Saturday.

The three ladies convicted on Saturday in connection with the Vile Parle Camp case are still in the Thana jail.

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL.

All the "C" Ward Hindustani Seva Dal Volunteers are requested to be present at 6-30 a.m. on every Wednesday and Friday at Marine Lines maidan for Drill.

They are to be present at the Congress House at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday.

NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

Head Office:—9 Old Court House Street, Calcutta. (Established 1906).

INDIA'S PROBLEMS CAN ONLY BE SOLVED BY INDIANS.

INSURE IN AN INDIAN COMPANY, MANAGED BY INDIANS, FOR THE INDIANS.

"NATIONAL" IS THE STRONGEST COMPANY MANAGED BY INDIANS ALONE.

"NATIONAL" STANDS FOR INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE.

Low rates of premiums.
Prompt Settlement of Claims
Invest Funds over Rs. 1,40,00,000.
Claims paid exceed Rs. 67,00,000.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO ENQUIRE ABOUT AGENCY TERMS.

PLEASE APPLY TO THE COMPANY TO-DAY.

R. G. DAS & CO.,
MANAGERS.

BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE:
Alice Building, Hornby Road.
Fort, Bombay.

Free | MUSIC WEEK | Free
IN
SWADESHI BAZAR
DAILY CHANGES IN PROGRAMME
To-day Music by Mr. Chintaman Joshi, B.A. and Prof. Deodhar's Orchestra.
TIME 3 P.M. TO 10 P.M.
At Churni Road, Near ALBLESS BAUG, Girgaum.

RANPUR INQUIRY BAN IN HIGH COURT

Legality Of Magistrate's Order Challenged.

The Chief Justice Mr. Beaumont and Mr. Justice Barlee at the High Court on Monday heard the application filed by the Committee appointed by a public meeting of Ahmedabad to take legal steps to have the District Magistrates' order prohibiting Rampur enquiry rescinded.

The reference made by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad about the same matter was also heard jointly with this application.

Mr. G. N. Thakore with Mr. H. V. Divatia and Mr. A. B. Dhruva appeared for the applicants. The Advocate General with the Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

ALLEGED ATROCITIES.

Mr. Thakore relating the history of the case said that the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee heard complaints about the conduct of Sub-Inspector Shahbudin of Dhandhuka Taluka who was posted at Ranpur, particularly his behaviour towards women, appointed a committee to enquire into the alleged atrocities. The committee was not of Congressmen, but of prominent citizens of Ahmedabad, of culture and high social standing, and it was regarded as perfectly representative and commanding the confidence of the public.

FIRST COMMITTEE.

The members of the committee were (1) Mr. Ganesh Vasudev Mavlanker, a profinent lawyer of Ahmedabad, (2) Mrs. Ambalal Sarabad, wife of a prominent millowner of Ohmedabad, (3) Mr. Balabhai Jamnadas Nanavutty, a merchant (4) Mr. Chaitanya Prasad Diwan, (son of the Diwan of a Native State) and (5) Mr. Ishwarlal Kalidas Vyas.

On August 31, the committee proceeded to Ranpur, and while they were proceeding with the work of examining witnesses, the members, and three others who were assisting them, were arrested by the Police under the order passed by the District Magistrate prohibiting the enquiry.

The Ahmedabad Bar Association then decided to take legal action against the order, and convened a public meeting of the citizens of Ahmedabad which appointed a committee of three members including two members of the Bar, for the purpose of getting the order rescinded. The arrested persons in the meanwhile were convicted under section 188. I.P.C. and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

On September 13, the Committee appointed by the public and the Bar Association moved for the cancellation of the District Magistrates' order, but the application was rejected by the Sessions Judge on the ground that the applicants not being the aggrieved persons had no "locus standii." Against this, the present revisional application was filed in the High Court.

SECOND COMMITTEE.

After the arrest of the first Committee, another committee of 5 members was appointed to conduct the enquiry at Ahmedabad. When the members of this committee, were entering the Premabhai Hall to hold the enquiry, they were also arrested, and after a trial were sentenced by the First Class Magistrate.

SESSIONS JUDGE REFERS CASE TO HIGH COURT.

The committee appointed to take legal action then moved the Sessions Judge to call for the papers of the case on the ground that the convictions were illegal, because no formal complaint had been filed as required by section 195 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The Sessions Judge referred this case to the High Court.

Mr. Thakore then proceeded to submit his arguments against the legality of the District Magistrates' order.

The case is proceeding

—:o:—

Proceeding, Mr. Thakore pointed out that the Sessions Judge, in making the reference to the High Court, had expressed the opinion that the prohibition order as issued was bad in law, and that the whole proceedings were void because no complaint had been filed as required by law and that consequently the convictions of both committees were illegal.

"TO STIFLE THE ENQUIRY."

Mr. Thakore submitted that though the order was addressed to the public generally, the primary object was to stifle the enquiry. But the reasons which induced the District Magistrate to prohibit the enquiry had not been mentioned by him in the order, though this was expressly required under the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code. There was no evidence of any breach of the public tranquillity, unless the manufacture of a pinch of salt could be so described.

The case is proceeding.

DR. SAVARKAR'S HOUSE SEARCHED.

The house of Dr. N. D. Savarkar at Khar was searched on Saturday evening in the course of the police investigations, and nothing incriminating was found.

JINNAH HALL VACATED BY B. P. C. C.

(Through Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.):—

"The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to whom the above Hall was let for some time having vacated the same, it is open to the public for meetings and other functions on usual terms and conditions." Please apply at the premises.

VOLUNTEER'S RALLY.

—:o:—

Central Organisation Suggested.

There was an impressive rally of the Congress and Hindustani Seva Dal volunteers at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on Monday. Mr. Nagindas Master, president of the "War Council," inspected the rally and advised the various organisations to merge themselves into a central body.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1930.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

—:o:—

While the Government of India are busy forging new weapons of repression, the Imperial Conference in London seems to be knocking up against problems that suggest the inherent incompatibility of the ideals or principles on which the British Empire is built up. The seemingly very inocuous and insignificant question of Nationality in the several parts of the Empire has evidently caused quite a pretty little difference of opinion that the official publicity organisation for the show appears to have thought it wise not to advertise too blatantly to the unthinking public. It is, let us note in passing, a strange thing how little this four-yearly gathering of "Empire Statesmen" who live habitually in the limelight of publicity, cares for publicity While we had a number of highly-coloured and almost thrilling details, which not even the pen of an Edgar Wallace could do full justice to, regarding the publicity arrangements for the India Conference, they seem to have neglected that department of the Imperial Conference 'Tamasha,' almost entirely. Otherwise it becomes impossible to account for the meagreness of the news we are served up about the doings of the Imperial Conference. The question of nationality, for example, was mentioned perfunctorily in a cable last week; and we must assume the matter is, as usual, referred to the standard silencer,—a sub-Committee of the Conference, decently and quietly to carry it out of the way. The point about this problem of Nationality is, however, of vital interest to us in this country and deserves a careful analysis. Imperial Citizenship,—and, therefore, British Nationality,—may sound a high and mighty thing—on paper But the representatives of some of the Dominions evidently seem to have got it into their heads that it does not suit them; and that they would much rather have their own nationality, and be known by their own doings, than as the compatriots of Nelson.

It is a foolish thing, perhaps, from the standpoint of the governing classes in Britain to think of a local nationality, when one could secure such a high destiny as an "Imperial Citizenship". But experience is a bitter teacher; and the Colonials seem to have realised by experience that the benefits of British Nationality are never evenly divided, though the British have no objection to distribute the disadvantages of that lofty destiny as evenly as butter on bread throughout the Empire. When Britain elects to go to war with a European neighbour, she would like to share the sacrifice involved though the Dominions might not have even the ghost of an idea as to what all the bother was about, nor have a burnt matchworth of share in the benefits,—if any,—accruing. Incidentally, the desire of the Dominions to have a separate nationality of their own indicates a clear emphasis on their part to maintain their freedom of judgment, not only as regards taking on themselves all quarrels of Britain or not, but also, in the last analysis, as regards remaining in the Empire itself when in their opinion such an issue will arise. In the last clash with resurgent nationalist Turkey during the exciting times of the Lloyd George Coalition, Canada was definitely against Britain's hectoring attitude towards the Turks under Kemal Pasha; and it is not inconceivable that if ever a Mr. Parham became a Mussolini in Britain, and declared war with the United States, Canada will not remain part of the Empire "on which the sun never sets!" This again may be from the point of view of the politicians of the 'Mother-country" sheer short-sighted folly on the part of the Dominions; 'mais que voulez-vous'? They simply know no better. The "children" have grown up and have decided opinions on many matters which the "mother" does not share.

On the Tariff question they are hardly more encouraging. They all talk glibly of preference to Empire produce in their own markets; but not one of them has any desire to allow its own industry to be crippled for the sake of an advantage to the Empire industrialist. The Dominions are unwilling to assume the role Britain would like them to play—to be the dumping-ground for high-priced British wares; and Britain has no desire to make her own breakfast table dearer for the sake of her Dominions. There is no possibility of any agreement on a concrete scheme of Imperial Preference; and no agreement, supposing one is arrived at, will solve the poblem of unemployment in Britain, which alone interests the British Ministers who are now busy exercising their oratorical talents at the Conference. India is, of course, hardly concerned in these stage-managed performances; and she can at best be only an interested observer of these gatherings. Nothing that is settled at such Conferences regarding tariffs and fiscal arrangements in general can, of course, be binding by itself on any Dominion; much less on India—until the Legislature of each country has given effect to these decisions by its own Act. But the fact that these incompatibilities do arise even in the case of those that are boomed and boosted in Fleet Street journals as "the nearest of kin", must be held to be indisputable evidence of the inherent irreconcilability of certain basic ideals and principles which are supposed to form the foundation of the edifice of the British Empire.

STILL ISOLATED.

—:o:—

More than two months ago we published a letter from Mr. Mahuradas Tricumji about the conditions governing interviews with Mahama Gandhi in jail Those conditions will bear repetition. In response to official request Mahatma Gandhi drew up a panel of persons, as his intimate friends and relations, who should be allowed to interview him, of course, in batches. Bombay officialdom, presuming to lay down the law regarding Gandhiji's relations, refused to accept the list which, aaccording to it should have comprised only relatives. Gandhiji very naturally refused to revise his list and for the last five months he has not seen any relative or friend. We have no desire to dwell on the folly which, in the face of the universally known fact that Gandhiji never differentiated between his associates and relatives, has sought in vain to make him change his sentiments. But we do ask if isolation has been considered a treatment worthy of Gandhiji or of the Government. Sir Frederick Sykes and his subordinates have been silent long enough. It was high time that they spoke and explained, if they could, how putting unnecessary, irritating and petty restrictions on Mahatma Gandhi, was not monstrous.

LEGITIMATE GRIEVANCE.

—:o:—

We have repeatedly drawn attention to the differential treatment accorded to political prisoners in jails, the variation depending upon the attitude of the jail authorities, influenced, of course, by the attitude of their employers, the Government. In Thana Jail, the authorities are reported to be courteous to political prisoners but they have, naturally, to adhere strictly to the rules laid down for such prisoners. What is urgently necessary is that the rules must be changed by Government and we are sure Government will lose nothing in prestige if in the revision an element of humanitarianism enters. In the Thana Jail, for example, we understand, the diet ration for "A" and "B" class political prisoners is only seven annas and the complaints regarding the quality of food supplied are persistent. The "B" class are provided with insufficient clothing. No harm will accrue to the preservation of jail discipline if this complaint is at once removed. But the grievance which is sure to cause the greatest public resentment is the allegation that Messrs. Kher and Wandrekar and Dr. Hardikar suffer neglect regarding medical attention. Mr. Kher's health has suffered so continuously in the Thana Jail that a transfer to another jail was recommended, we understand, in his case, but the higher authorities turned down the suggestion. It has still been found impossible for Government to accede to the suggestion that Mr. Wandrekar should be brought over to Bombay for a Violet X-Ray treatment and Dr. Hardikar, whose eczema trouble is still acute, finds, it is understood, no adequate medical relief afforded to him. Why cannot Government be generous enough to redress these grievances?

—:o:—

OUTRAGEOUS.

—:o:—

We published the other day an account of the incidents that happened at Lahore in connection with the picketing of some educational institutions on Wednesday last. It would appear that the police were not quite satisfied with the smart work of arresting ladies—one of them over 60 years in age—every five minutes. Indeed they were not satisfied even with the usual lathi charges on the crowds. They, therefore, entered the D. A. V. College, belaboured students within the precincts of that college and also paid a visit to Professor Sanyal's room and beat him until he began to bleed. This, is not all. According to a "Tribune" correspondent, a European Police Officer is alleged to have driven his car at full speed through the crowd. And all this notwithstanding the fact that the crowd was perfectly non-violent. As our correspondent pointed out "Even the 'Civil and Military Gazette' does not insinuate anything in this connection". What happened at Lahore, therefore, is a repetition of Calcutta. And, unless every report that has appeared in the Press is a deliberate concoction and pure fabrication, the Lahore Police have been as gravely culpable as their confreres at Calcutta. We do not know what action, if any at all, the Punjab Government will be pleased to take. But we do hope the University authorities will not take this insult lying down.

—:o:—

THE SHORT CUT.

—:o:—

The "Evening News of India" had a puzzle "hard to solve". In a leaderette yesterday it has made a mighty effort to solve it because "hard to solve" as the puzzle is, "a solution will have to be found." What is the puzzle? It consists in the problem of the 'expiring Ordinances" and what Government are to do to save India from anarchy and ruin, from the tyranny of the Congress and the activities of those awful picketers whose labours have promoted Swadeshi and the mass feeling against drink. A docile legislature meeting in "ordinary course in January" is, of course, expected to swallow the "comprehensive proposals" with which 'Government will be ready" to meet the disastrous situation. In the meanwhile will they not kindly accept Priscilla's bright little suggestion? Why not extend the scope of Lord Irwin's Number 9, the Unlawful Association Ordinance so as "to bring organised picketing within its purview"; or better still why not have Ordinance No. 10 "of a sufficiently comprehensive nature to make illegal all Congress activities subversive of good government and the peace of the country." Priscilla was in a hurry evidently and abruptly cut short her observations. But let us offer a few elucidatory comments. Why not declare the wearing of Gandhi caps illegal all over India, ban the manufacture of khaddar, award special "jagirs" to those who give a pledge to the bureaucracy that they will use British goods and no other and open a special department of Government to convince the people of the necessity of preserving the Right To Drink?

KARWAR SATYAGRAHIS TO BE RELEASED.

—:o:—

Appeal For Funds To See Them Home.

Mr. S. V. Kaujalgi. President of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following appeal.

A large number of Satyagrahis, convicted for offences under the "Salt Act" and the "Forest Satyagraha" and such other cognate offences, in connection with the Civil Disobedience Movement, are to be released from the Karwar Prison during the course of the next two weeks, after the expiry of their term of imprisonment. Many of these Satyagrahis are from the Kanara District and elsewhere, and the Government as required by the Jail Regulations, does not furnish them with the necessary funds to enable them to go to their respective place. Under the circumstances three Satyagrahis will have to be given some monetary assistance to enable them to go back to their places. It therefore requested, that the "Bombay Public, particularly, the Karnatak residents will contribute their mite towards this relief. The donations may be sent to Dr. Samsi, or to Y. T. Nadkarni, pleader, Karwar.

RECONSTRUCTION IN ISLAM.

IQBAL, THE REFORMER.

(Six Lectures on the reconstruction of religious thought in Islam—By Sir Mohammad Iqbal. Pages 249. Kapur Art Printing Works, Lahore. 1930. Rs. 5.)

(BY AAAF.)

Iqbal began his career as a philosopher, developed later into a mystic, and ultimately blossomed forth as the greatest Muslim poet of India within living memory. He began by writing a thesis on the development of Mysticism in Islam; he then went on to preach a philosophy of action in his "Asrar-i-Khudi" and "Payam-i-Mashriq" which thrilled the hearts of Muslim youth all over the world. And now in the autumn of life and in the fulness of wisdom, he lays down the principles for reconstructing religious thought in Islam. He strikes the key-note in his very first sentence, 'The Quran is a book which emphasises 'deed' rather than idea'." And in making his final bow he asks Muslims to hearken to his call, "Let the Musalman of to-day appreciate his position, reconstruct his social life in the light of ultimate principles, and evolve out of the hitherto partially revealed purpose of Islam, that spiritual democracy which is the ultimate aim of Islam." He asks us also to keep ever in mind the wise words of the Turkish nationalist poet Zia.

"In the International world the weak find no sympathy.
Power alone deserves respect."

REASON AND HEART.

The reviewer does not pretend to have understood the whole of this book. Lectures ii on the Philosophical Test of the Revelations of Religious Experience, and iv on The Human Ego—His Immortality and Freedom, are hard nuts to crack. No one except a trained student of Philosophy can pretend to comprehend certain parts of these lectures. We shall therefore, confine ourselves only to those parts which appeal to the general reader.

Iqbal again and again emphasises that pure reason can never reach the highest understanding of reality. The Qur'an therefore insists on the importance of "heart"; this then is the source of all mystic experience. Assuming that the physical explanation of things has its limitations, he analyses the Quranic idea of the universe and shows how the Qur'an lays stress on the observable aspect of Reality. No one can understand Reality (batin) who does not properly appreciate Appearance (zahir).

SCOPE FOR PROGRESS.

In examining Muslim ideals he arrives at what we think is the most original theory in these lectures. He says the Ash'arite theologians (the Schoolmen in Islam) took Greek philosophy as their basis; but gradually Islamic thought began in its first principles to differ radically from the Greek. And to take a typical case, if we examine the theory of history put forward by Ibn Khaldun, Greek influence seems to be almost absent. The Greeks were the founders of the deductive method; the special characteristic of Muslim thought is the foundation of the method of Induction the modern scientific method. And Iqbal attempts to show that the germs of this theory are to be found in the Qur'an itself.

The religion of Islam appeared when the time was peculiarly ripe for it; and it contains elements both of permanence and of progress. In the dogma of Tauhid (absolute unity of God), we have permanence; in the legal doctrine of Ijtihad (deduction of new principles from old ones by a man of exceptional learning and piety) we have a source of infinite progress. Formerly we were content with the Ijtihad of one man; why should we not have to-day an assembly which could perform the task of reconstruction on the basis of first principles? The destruction of free-thought, the rise of mysticism and the sack of Baghdad are the causes of the stagnation of Muslim theological thought. Look at Turkey, it has already set us thinking. Does Hadith, as interpreted so far, satisfy us? Why cannot we criticise it in the way Goldziher has taught us to? Why not try to build on the foundation of the Quran a new theology and a new jurisprudence which will satisfy the modern mind and so justify the claim that Islam is a religion for all time, and that to Muhammad was given the last and most perfect, therefore, the most "adaptable", revelation?

These are some of the main arguments from this remarkable series of lectures, a series which must open the eyes of Muslims not only in India but all over the world. The poet who preached relentless action so far asks us

(Continued on Page 3.)

"TITIBUS" AND THE "SWEET SEVIKAS"

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The remarks made by you in your to-day's issue about the veiled vulgarity contained in the observations of "Titibus" in the "Times" deserve some notice.

The remarks of "Titibus" are not likely to create a very good opinion among the public about the Bhendi Bazar shopkeeper. However actual incidents could be quoted where members of the community to which the Bhendi Bazar shopkeepers belong have shown more chivalrous behaviour towards the sweet Sevikas than "Titibus" himself.

The following is an incident of the kind:—A "sweet Desh Sevika" was picketing a liquor shop in Golpitha. As usual a large crowd had collected watching the whole show. A 'gentleman" of independent views, and with the courage of conviction, setting at naught the entreaties of the Sevika boldly stepped in with a view to patronize the shop. Finding the Desh Sevika 'obstructing' his way he gave her a push with his elbow. This brave act was noticed by two Pathans who were among the crowd. They rushed in and caught hold of the man by the neck and dragged him out, at the same time saying ".....ka Bacha! Do you know whom you have pushed aside with your elbow? She is your mother. Rub the ground under her feet thrice with your nose." He was made to do this in the presence of the whole crowd. The brave gentleman—unfortunate victim of "the affectionate and fraternal glances" of the Pathans—thought discretion to be the better part of valour and made himself scarce followed by the cheers raised by the collected crowd.

This incident was narrated to the present writer by a gentleman—a well-known doctor in Bombay—whose daughter was the Desh Sevika mentioned in the episode. It occurred about the early part of June last.

In any case the "Dharsan" (perhaps Mr. "Titibus" wanted to write Darshan, but his thoughts were full of the threatened Dharasana (salt raid) of the sweet Sevika did not bring much luck to the hero of the above episode.—Yours, etc.,

"K."

Bombay, Oct. 9.

VAGARIES IN CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONERS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—May complaints have appeared in the press about the vagaries of Magistrates in awardeding classes to political prisoners in accordance with the New Jail regulations. In the beginning of the present Congress movement, it was complained that no uniform principles were followed in this matter of classification. While in one district of a province, some prisoners were given "A" class, in another district of the same province persons of equal status and even better status were given "B" or "C" class.

Mr. Hundraj M. Parvani of Kotri Sind was convicted under Section 108 Cr. P. Code and sentenced to 12 months imprisonment for not giving security. He was given "B" class by the trying Magistrate He is an educated and cultured man having a good record of public life to his credit. He is a Municipaal Councillor of Kotri But after a month or so he was degraded to "C" class by the Bombay Government. This raised a storm of protest from the division from which he hails. The Municipality and Punchayat of Kotri passed resolutions protesting against this conduct of the Government and requested them to transfer him to "B" class again if not A. These resolutions have elicited a queer reply from the District Magistrate of Karachi that Mr. Hundraj is in jail out of his own choice and he would be released if he gave security. It is expressly laid down in paragraph 3 of the New Jail regulations that persons of good character and social status convicted under sections 124A or 153A will not be excluded from A class unless their seditious activities tended to excite people to violence. Section 108 Cr. P. Code is also a section which deals with sedition but of a mild type. When such definite rules why should the Government turn a deaf ear to the demands of the public that he should be treated in jail accoding to law as he was dealt with outside it? May I hope that the Government will rectify this mistake and allay public feelings on this question of classification of prisoner. It will not be out tof place if I request members of Bombay Legislative Council to raise this question on the Council floor.—Yours, etc.,

GURMUKHDAS RUGHUMAL,
Pleader.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

—:o:—

"Observer" on India.

For once the London "Observer"—or Mr. Garvin—is right, as regards the estimate of the Indian situation. It has assessed at their proper value, official appreciations of the position in this country. There is no doubt that Britishers have to face two possibilities, namely, 'reconstruction of India and India's re-destruction'." Unfortunately the first alterrative has been rejected, and definitely so. We know that Britain will deny the charge and point to the Round Table Conference. But as the 'Observer" itself points out, it is staging "Hamlet" without the Prince of Denmark. The Conference is clearly not a Round Table Conference and a ridiculously clumsy but effective repudiation of the possibility of "reconstruction".

Government's Choice.

There seems to be little doubt, on the other hand, about the choice of the second alternative. During the last six months and more, imprisonment and lathis have been the basis of administration. The country has been ruled by Vice-regal Ordinances rendering legal activities illegal. The Congress organisation has been sought to be destroyed all over India. And, as if to make the destruction complete, a ninth Ordinance has been issued challenging the right of private property—a challenge which sent the whole of the "civilised world" into paroxysms of horror when it came from the diabolical Bolsheviks—and seeking to hound Congressmen out to the streets. It is a thousand pities that Lord Irwin—a Viceroy claimed to be bowed down with the weight of love and sympathy for India—should persistently fail to realise what even a notoriously unsympathetic British journal has begun to see. On the Frontier question the "Observer" makes apposite comments. "Limited operations near Peshawar are proposed and are necessary. It would be easier to start than to limit them."

Outspoken Retort.

The ill-fated anti-Indian "Putsch" conducted by Sir John Simon and Lord Meston in America resulted in some hard blows from those who understood the real game. The "New Freeman", granting for argument's sake, the plea that India is almost "a liability rather than an asset to England", remarks: "The only thing that interests us is that a good many Indians are tired of British Rule. This is enough for us. If they are wrong, or acting from improper motives, that is the Indians' business; it is not the business of the British to play second Providence for them." This would be a sufficient answer in itself. But the British plea also is nothing more than plausible humbug.

Liability or Asset?

India, as a matter of fact, is an asset to the British. And none has proved it more convincingly than Lord Rothermere or Lord Brentford. It will take more than a Simon or a Meston to deceive the world into a new theory of 'the brightest jewel in the British Crown." Sir John Simon and his friends—who include Miss Cornelia Sorabji—talked to Americans about the Indian masses, the triple boon of security, just administration and irrigation conferred upon the population by the British nation. We have, on the other hand, chronic poverty, grinding debt, illiteracy, and disease rampant among the masses of India. What a balance-sheet of liability and assets—the result of 150 years of British benevolence, costing India millions of pounds every year through the British services and British commerce. The scandal is now too thoroughly exposed for the ingenuity of Simons, Mestons and Cornelias.

Shocking!

We do hope the report is wrong. But speaking at the Royal Empire Society Mr. J. A. Richey is said by Reuter to have expressed the opinion "that despite innumerable handicaps and defects, India was flourishing and self-supporting at the time of Hindu and Mahomedan rulers before the advent of the British." We do not know why Mr. Richey chose to borrow the theory and language of Indian seditionists. Nor do we know how it reacted on the audience. But we will not be surprised if they were all thoroughly scandalised and disgusted at Mr. Richey's truth-speaking.

brokers' Procession, and Wadala Episodes.

:o:

CTING ORDERS OF POLICE MEANT BROKEN HEADS.

-BY AND SPECTATORS CHARGED.

ments Before Municipal Enquiry Committee.

Excesses Enquiry

he Coporation met orporation Hall on ng, Mr. Hussein- residing, when four examined.

ORDERS AND A CHARGE.

ess was Mr. R. K. , Public Account- r. In his written ated:—

p.m. on Satur- ne last I boarded to J. N. Petit In- a few minutes I waiting tramway Bunder where on ocessionists were d on the other Sergeants and e arrayed aga- rocessionists. At w some persons with the Ser- g them a well- ntleman in Euro- s very prominent. rds of me were a cer and a Ser- g the procession- could go in rows e would be no oth sides. Also, rly manner in marching caused ific, as a con- the procession At the far- ere the Parsi rying on nego- Police, I heard people to stand an orderly pro- ed. Vacating ground, the pro- o form them- o fours or twos t no sooner bearers taken , then came a on't know his fficer—shouting the procession diately the the hint and wise. By this sts were all down the eding towards st to me ask- ese conflicting mself having ists to get up urs. He was ed by my in- and gave me ly. I pressed repeating my e. Meanwhile ddenly drawn Police Officer oudly enough, ge you". He it up by a earers and be- that I was h the Ser- processionists Police armed t not on the ensation of a med from be- n to reel and vision. To nder some- sit down. By y lost cons- recovered I I saw a brellas, caps, t not a sin- m the Po- ear by. I and picked number that r and stood there I did nning away further as- had not just then. ing helter- I noticed a small bout ten eing led by She was through know what ned. Soon en were injured icing some e of them e to the very slight only two and the made me d night."

NO PROVOCA ON.

Replying to Mr. Mo hand Ka- padia, witness said it was a per- fectly peaceful procession, and no body had any stick or lathi. He noticed several people injured by the lathi charge, particularly one Parsi gentleman had his coat heavily stained with blood.

Mr. V. C. Setalvad asked witness whether he heard any police offi- cer giving an order stopping the procession.

Witness replied in the negative.

Replying to Mr. Talpade, wit- ness said that the lathi charge was indiscriminate and in all di- rections. The processionists had given no provocation to the police.

"TREACHERY".

The next witness examined was Mr. Bapuji Rustomji Shroff, of Thana. He gave his evidence in Gujarati.

In a letter to the Secretary, dated Aug. 11th he observed:—

That along with other share brokers, he was coming in a pro- cession to Bori Bunder from the Fort; that on arrival at the Em- pire Building the Police formed a cordon blocking their way and informed them that under Section 144 (?) they would not be allowed to proceed further and that it was the order of the Police Commis- sioner that if the procession went further, the Superintendent would disperse it by force. He stated further that in view of this order all of them sat down peacefully on the ground and submitted that if they were not allowed to pro- ceed further they would sit down and offer Satyagraha; that the Sergeant afterwards told them to stand up and proceed in rows of four only and not to form a crowd; that thereupon they began to proceed accordingly and about 25 to 30 of them passed with flags, etc., that thereafter the sepoys and the Sergeants attacked them treacherously and that he was one of the 13 or 14 people who were seriously injured; that on account of a rush from the crowd he fell down and as he was going to get up two Sergeants made a com- bined attack on him and gave him four or five blows on his head but he escaped serious injuries on account of his turban; but that he had two hard blows on the back part of his head which caus- ed a large wound and he fell down stunned to the ground; that when he recovered and was about to get up a sepoy dealt him a blow on his back and he was then pick- ed up by the Ambulance men and removed to the Congress Hospi- tal; that on the way much blood escaped from the wound and an attempt was made to stop the same by applying ice; that he was treated at the Hospital for eight days and that even after he went home he had to go to a doctor for dressing for a month; that the Municipal Commissioner Mr. Da- lal had seen him and enquired of him when he paid a visit to the Hospital."

PROSTRATE FORMS ASSAULTED.

Examined by the Chairman, witness said that as a result of the charge, several persons fell down and the Sergeants continu- ed the assault even while they were lying prostrate.

Replying to Mr. Motichand Ka- padia, witness said that the pro- cessionists were merely shouting their slogans, but were not disor- derly. All were walking in order- ly rows.

BLOWS SHOWERED ON HEADS.

Replying to Dr. Poonsey witness said when the permission to pro- ceed was given by the police, he went to inform the other pro- cessionists who were squatting on the road. As they were standing up, the Sergeants showered lathi blows on their heads.

Examined by Mr. Setalvad, wit- ness said he narrated the inci- dents to the Municipal Commis- sioner Mr. Dalal who visited the Congress Hospital.

Replying to Mr. Talpade, witness said after they had understood that permission to proceed was given, some of them stood up when they were taken unawares and assaulted by the police.

SEVERE BLOW TO PASSER-BY.

The next witness was Mr. Kur- banhussein Mahomedally. In his written statement he stated:—

"On the 16th June, 1930, at about 6-30 p.m. I was going to the office of my Solicitors Messrs. Mehta Laljee and Co., to see their Managing clerk for some private work. On my way I saw a large crowd at the shop of White- away Laidlaw & Co., and through the same I was making my way to be out of the said crowd. While I was going quietly and had al- most passed the said shop a po- liceman without any cause gave me a severe lathi blow on my head and thereby I was wounded and the wound was 5" x 1|2"x1|2". I was profusely bleeding and fell down. I was removed by the Con- gress Red Cross Volunteers to the Congress Free Hospital and I was detained in the Hospital till 5th July 1930. I beg to enclose here- with a copy of the certificate of the Congress Free Hospital. At the Congress Free Hospital a photo of my wound was taken and the same may be in the possession of the Hospital. I shall most will- lingly appear before you if and when required and give my evi- dence in connection therewith."

Examined by the Chairman, witness said they were absolutely peaceful, and were not shouting any slogans. They were not doing anything that would pro- voke the police. Witness was not taking any part in Congress movement.

SERGEANTS INVADE PETIT LIBRARY.

Relying to Dr. Meishri, witness said the public were absolutely peaceful, and without giving them any order to disperse, the police assaulted them. We had seen some sergeants going into the Petit Library and beating the people there.

Replying to Mr. Talpade, wit- ness said a large posse of police were kept ready behind the buil- ding opposite Whiteaways, though there was no necessity for this.

INNOCENT PASSENGER BELABOURED.

The last witness Mr. Liladhar N. Mehta submitted the following written statement:—

On the 25th May 1930, at about 4-30 p.m. I started to go to Ghat- koper from Victoria Terminus but through oversight I caught the Bandra train whereupon I had to get down at Gowari Station at about 5 p.m. There was a crowd at Gowari Station on both sides of the platform. On inquiry I learnt that people were being assaulted and beaten by lathis. In the meantime, a sergeant accom- panied by about 8 to 10 policemen entered the railway platform and began to assault the crowd with lathis which was on the platform. The crowd began to run away to the other end of the platform, but thinking that having taken no part in the raid I was not at all guilty and the policemen had no right whatever to attack me with lathis on the Railway station plat- form, I did not move from the place where I was standing. At that time about 8 to 9 policemen came near me and each one gave me about two or three lathi blows. In all I received about 10 to 12 blows. As I was not moving from the place where I was standing in spite of the blows, the sergeant came to the place where I was standing and asked me to leave the place whereupon I told him that I along with many others who were standing on the railway platform was beaten mer- cilessly for no reason whatsoever and I strongly protested against the uncalled for lathi attack on innocent persons. Thereafter he ordered the policemen not to attack me any more and left with them. Afterwards, I went to the Gowari Station Master and com- plained to him about the attack on me and others by the police with lathis. The Gowari Station Master phoned to the Victoria Terminus Station Master inform- ing him that the lives of the pas- sengers at Gowari Station were in danger and that immediate steps should be taken to restore order. Thereafter order was restored at Gowari Station. Subsequently I was taken by a railway official to the Congress Hospital department which was temporarily opened under the trees opposite the Go- wari Station. I was treated by the Congress Doctors there, for about two hours, and discharged. I saw that I being of strong consti- tution was able to bear the lathi blows, but I dare say that nobody of weaker constitution could have remained conscious after a merci- less assault like that committed on me. It took about 10 or 12 days to regain my normal condi- tion. This fact of lathi blows on me was reported in the "Bombay Samachar" subsequent to 25th of the "Reds" and the fluence of witnesses who can depose to the above fact. I shall be glad to give oral evidence when needed."

SGET. SMYTHE FIRED AT.

:o:

Students Jailed For Picketing.

LAHORE, October 13.

When entering his house at midnight Sergeant Smythe of the Punjab Police was fired at by two young men, one of whom was seen by a peon of a local European business house riding on a bicycle. Three shots were fired but none of them hit Smythe.

The servant of Khan Bahadur Abdul Aziz who received bullet wounds during the recent assault on his master has succumbed to his injuries.

Of the three students arrested for picketing at the Forman Christian College on Tuesday last, two named Diwanchand and Ramprakash have been sentenced to three months' rigorous impri- sonment.—A. P.

SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

:o:

Picketers Withdrawn.

It is understood that the Bom- bay Swadeshi Co-operative Stores, of Cruikshank Road have arrived at a settlemen with the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and picketing withdrawn.

OLD PARSI SATYAGRAHI ASSAULTED.

Great excitement prevailed near the Congress House, on Mon- day night when an old Parsi vo- lunteer was alleged to have been assaulted by a sergeant of the Lamington Road Police Station.

At about 10 p.m. the Sergeant saw a boy selling copies of "Con- gress Bulletin" near the Congress House. He chased the boy who ran into the Congress House, in- side the Captain's Cabin.

When Sergeant entered the Cabin he saw Sjt. Rustomji Oomrigar a Parsi Satyagrahi, aged 50, with a bundle of copies of the "Congress Bulletin."

The Sergeant demanded the copies which the Satyagrahi refus- ed to part with. The Sergeant was then alleged to have caught Sjt. Rustomji by the throat, threw him down and gave him some blows.

This news excited the people who congregated near the Con- gress House. Peace was at last restored by the volunteers who ad- vised the crowd to disperse.

BLUE BADGERS DISAPPEAR

:o:

Merchants' Spirited Protest.

The Blue Badge volunteers who were placed by certain unknown organisation on Saturday to coun- ter act the activities of the Con- gress Pickets near Crawford Mar- ket were conspicious by their absence on Monday. The mer- chants of that locality made a strong protest against their pre- sence to the police as they ap- prehended breach of peace.

Their Captain was also warned by the merchants that in case of a conflict between Congress Pick- ets and the Blue Badgers, the lat- ter would be held responsible. This had salutary effect and the Blue Badgers disappeared from Monday.

KUDALDESHKAR MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Ku- daldeshkar Goud Brahmin Com- munity a public meeting will be held to-night at 9 o'clock in the Hall of the Kudaldeshkar Brah- min Niwas, Opp. Majestic Cinema, to congratulate Messrs. Shamrao D. Thakur (Secretary B.P.C.C.); M.D. Desai (C-opted Member of the Bombay War Council), G. B. Naik, (Vile Parle Camp): Sakha- ram Suryaji Khanolkar (Shiroda Camp): Mr. Joshi (Arnala Camp), and others.

To Dealers In Foreign Cloth

The Secretary, Bombay Subur- ban District Congress Committee writes:—

All the dealers in foreign cloth are informed, that as individual independent efforts to stop the sale of foreign cloth in Bandra have failed, the Desha Sevika Sangha have resolved to picket such shops as are dealing in such cloth. To avoid unnecessary trou- ble the foreign cloth mer- chants desirous of arriving at a compromise are requested to see the Secretary of Bombay "Subur- ban Dist." Congress Committee at its office Vile Parle at an early date.

21 SATYAGRAHA BODIES LOCKED-UP.

:o:

Night Thefts Of Crops Increasing.

MAMLATDAR GOES ON CONFISCATION ROUNDS

(Through Satyagrah Camp.)

BORSAD, Oct. 12.

Twenty-one Satyagraha Com- mittees and Sub-Committees have been declared illegal and locked up in the Taluka on the 11th inst. They are mostly the committees of villages which have launched the 'No-Tax' cam- paign.

A police batch has been station- ed in Davalpura, a Satyagrahi Village near Pitlad. The Gov- ernment has, it is alleged, sold some land of the village to some Mahomedans of Petlad, who also came to Davalpura on the 10th to reap the harvest of the fields with the help of the police.

Night thefts of crops from the fields are increasing daily, especi- ally in Ras, Dabhasi Vasana, Caij- pur, Kantharia and other Satya- grahi villages. But the peasants are bearing all the loss calmly and peacefully without protests.

The Mamlatdar goes out in the early hours of night and attaches and confiscates any goods that he comes across while on their way to other villages. Peasants are determined to hold out till the end.

Picketing at the liquor shops continues unabated inspite of continued arrests. During this week, out of the 13 arrests made, 7 are under the Picketing Ordin- ance and 6 are under the Instiga- tion Ordinance.

SJT. AMRITRAO DESHMUKH GETS 4 MONTHS.

:o:

(From A Correspondent.)

AKOLA, Oct. 13.

Sjt. Amritrao Deshmukh of Rahit, Akola Taluq, was arrested at Parsi Takli, and sentenced to four months' R. I. on 11th inst. for having offered Satyagraha at Rahit.

NO SALE FOR CRACKERS.

:o:

Result Of Vigorous Picketing.

(From a correspondent.)

As a result of the vigorous pic- keting by the Vanar Sena of the Dadar Youth League the sales of crackers have gone down to Rs. 5-8-0 from the general average amount of Rs. 80. Many shop keepers have agreed not to deal in crackers in future—some others insisted on having such an order directly from the Boycott Com- mittee. The total sales of all the shops in Dadar yesterday was Rs. 5-8-0 only.

One Mr. Pendse, a cracker mer- chant having his shop in Khandke Building, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, in despair made a bonfire of all the crackers he had on the public Road, and created a sen- sation.

From 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. for full four hours the volunteers were on duty. They were given milk and other things during the period.

JALALPORE MAMLATDAR'S ORDINANCE.

:o:

Khadi Workers Arrested.

(From a Correspondent.)

SURAT, Oct. 12.

The Mamlatdar of Jalalpore has issued notices to 24 farmers of Pardi, Sarpor and Satam to pay up their land revenue for the next year before they remove any crop from their fields. Ordinari- ly farmers have to pay revenue after January but this year the Mamlatdar is trying to recover it before time.

It is rumoured 25 Muslims are sent to Jalalpore. One of them went to Sarpore village. Mrs. Ra- tanben was cutting standing rice in her field. The Mahomedan chokidar approached her and or- dered her not to cut the crop, as it was the order of the Mamlat- dar. But the lady would not hear him. She proceeded with her work. The chokidar caught hold of her hand. The lady asked him not to touch her body. She also said the crop belonged to her and none else in the world. With the bundle of crop over her head, she went home, defying the Mamlatdar's order not to carry away anything from the field before paying up revenue for the next year.

BARDOLI ARRESTS.

Buildings in the Swaraj Ash- ram area of Bardoli are worth over a lac of rupees and the most up-to-date machinery of the Khadi Department are valued at nearly 1½ lacs. Three motor cars were in a shed. Every thing is now in the possession of the Go- vernment, most prominent work- ers are among the 23 arrested yesterday: Mr. Khushalbhai Mo- rarji Patel is one of the trustees of the Ashram lands and till late he was the President of the Ta- luka Samiti, Mr. Laxmidas Pur- shottamdas Asar is the Khadi ex- pert from Sabarmati Ashram, Mr. Chimanlal Bhatt was only re- leased a fortnight ago from Nasik jail, Mr. Chunilal Sankle- shwar Mehta was the silent zea- lous worker in Raniparaj area but now in charge of the whole Ashram organisations of the Ta- luka. 10 volunteers from Bombay were also arrested. In all 23 persons were arrested and taken to lock up. The date of hearing of their case is not fixed as yet.

CONFISCATION OF OTHER ASHRAMS.

Government has declared 5 Ashrams in Bardoli Taluka as unlawful associations. The Ash- ram in Bardoli has been taken possession of yesterday. To-day the police force has gone to Ma- dhi Ashram. By the time this news reaches Bombay all the Ashrams will become Government properties!

VARAD VILLAGE ROUNDED UP.

It is rumoured two motor lorries full of police went to Varad at 3 a.m. and made a cordon round the whole village. It seems au- thorities intended first to isolate the inhabitants then to ask them to pay up the arrears and also the revenue for the next year. But it is likely not a single inhabitant will be found in the Varad Vil- lage.

SURAT CONGRESS HOUSES TO BE SEALED?

Early in the morning Mr. Shil- lidy, Deputy Inspector General of Police in the company of Mr Jewell and Mr. Nadirshah visited the Congress House and took a round near the building. It is expected the Surat Congress Committee will be declared un- lawful to-morrow morning. Ar- rests of office bearers are immin- ent.

COLLECTOR OF SURAT STILL IN BARDOLI.

Mr. Braham is still in Bardoli and will remain there for some days. Mr. Shillidy is active in Surat during his absence. He visited the Swaraj Ashram in the evening, with what purpose no- body knows.

"Every House A Congress House."

—MRS. KAMALABAI SONAWALA.

NEW SATYAGRAHA CAMP AT VILE PARLE.

Salt-Law Broken At Santa Cruz.

The Satyagraha Chawari (camp) at Ville Parle was raided and confiscated by the police at 5-30 a.m. on Saturday morning several hours before the public became aware of the new Ordinance promulgated by the Viceroy em- powering such confiscation of property used for illegal activities. In fact, they had no knowledge of the Ordinance till they read the publication in the morning papers a few hours after the raid and arrests.

Further, the notification de- claring the Vile Parle Satyagraha Committee and other organisa- tions came to the notice of the public still later when they read it in the evening papers.

NEW CAMP.

A new satyagraha camp was opened at Ville Parle on Sunday morning. This is on the open plot adjoining the Shradhanand Niwas on the East side of the railway station. The ceremony was performed by Mrs. Kamala- ben Sonavala, who has succeeded Prof. Dharmanand as the Dicta- tor or Senapati (General) of the Ville Parle Satyagrahis. Mrs. Sonavala who is a very active worker had made a substantial contribution to the expenses of the old camp which is confiscated.

The new camp was inaugurated at 8-30 in the morning by Mrs. Sonavala, who hoisted the Na- tional flag in the presence of about 150 people including Mr. Ramnikrai N. Mehta, President of Suburban District Congress Com- mittee and Vile Parle Congress Committee and others. Mrs. Sonavala addressing the gathering exhorted them to continue the fight in the same spirit they has shown so far. Every home, she said, must be turned into a Congress Committee, and every one must regard himself a Satya- grahi.

The flag was guarded by two volunteers throughout the day.

After the ceremony was over, the gathering formed into a pro- cession and went along the Ghore- bunder Road to Santa Cruz. On the way they were joined by about 150 people of Santa Cruz. The combined procession proceeded up to the culvert on the road leading to the Juhu Beach, and there illicit salt was prepared by a lady and two volunteers. The gather- ing then dispersed at about 11 o'clock. The demonstration was watched by two police constables in plain clothes.

BAN ON PUBLIC PARK.

According to the original pro- gramme, the salt was to be manu- factured in the public park at Santa Cruz. But when the pro- cession reached there they found the gates locked up with notices announcing that the park was closed to the public on Sunday. The notice was signed by Dr. Narielwala, Secretary of the Noti- ned Area Committee.

R. N. MEHTA ARRESTED.

Mr. Ramnikrai Mehta against whom a warrant was issued arri- ved at Ville Parle from up country on Saturday night. On Sunday at 3-30 p.m. he was taken in pro- cession to the Ville Parle police station where he surrendered himself. He was removed to the Bandra lock up. His case came up before the Bandra Magistrate on Monday and was adjourned to Thursday.

"FATHER FORGIVE THEM!"

:o:

Christian R. T. C. Invitees Disowned.

"Intensify The Boycott," Says Sjt. Master.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed at a public meeting held at the Blavatsky Hall, on Saturday under the auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party, when Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, Pre- sident of the War Council of Bom- bay, presided: Mr. Master moved:

(1) This public meeting held under the auspices of the Nation- alist Christian Party records its deep sense of sorrow at the death of Mr. Joseph Baptista. He was a patriot and a valiant fighter for the freedom of his country, a champion of labour and an ardent worker for the civic advancement of the city of Bombay."

GREETINGS TO MAHATMA.

Sjt. K. M. Munshi, seconded by Mr. J. S. S. Malelu and supported by Miss S. Vaz, moved:

(2) This meeting offers its res- pectful and affectionate greetings to Mahatma Gandhi on the com- pletion of his sixty-first year. His life and service have been to the country a source of great inspira- tion and this meeting prays that he may be spared many more years to lead the country to Poorna Swaraj through the ways of non- violence, sacrifice and suffering.

PROF. DHARMANAND KOSSAMBE.

Mr. Master moved:

(3) This meeting appreciates the great sacrifices of Professor Dharmanand Kossambe in the Na- tional cause and his meritorious services to the working classes in particular. It also places on re- cord its protest against the action of the authorities in depriving him of his freedom, and offers its hear- ty congratulations to Professor Kosambe on the distinction con- ferred upon him by his arrest un- der the latest ordinance.

CHRISTIAN INVITEES DISOWNED

Mr. C. I. Kuriupan seconded by Mr. Ramtake, moved:

(4) This meeting places on re- cord that it has no confidence in a Round Table Conference held without the participation in it of the Indian National Congress. This meeting further affirms that the Christian invitees to the Con- ference do not represent Christian political opinion in Inddia. This meeting repudiates their authori- ty to speak on behalf of the In- dian Christian Community.

CHRISTIAN SATYAGRAHIS GARLANDED.

Rev. B. Bhaskare seconded by Mrs. S. L. Fernandes moved:

(5) This meeting congratulates all Satyagrahis and the Christian Satyagrahis in particular, who have cheerfully offered themselves for arrest and imprisonment for the sake of the country's freedom. It specially congratulates Mr. Salve of Nagpur who has surrendered his title in response to the call of the country and is undergoing a term of imprisonment as Presi- dent of the Nagpur War Council.

(On passing this resolution the Christian Satyagrahis were intro- duced to the meeting and were garlanded by Christian ladies amidst the applause of the audi- ence. The Chairman made appre- ciative reference to their volun- tary sacrifices recalling similar sa- crifices of Christian Saints and Martyrs.)

Mr. Jos. Bennie and seconded by Mr. George Luis moved:

(6) This meeting strongly dis- approves of the action of those who in opposition to the mandate of the country stood for election to the Legislatures.

Sjt. K. M. Munshi and Moulana Mohamed Ismail Surti the vice- president of the "War Council" delivered speeches punctuated by applause and cheers.

"FATHER, FORGIVE THEM!"

Sjt. Nagindas Master spoke on various important problems now before the country. He asked the audience to remember that it was left to Mahatma Gandhi to intro- duce the principles of Truth, non- violence and Soul-force into the field of politics and statesmanship. While he had no doubt that India would ultimately triumph, he ad- vised all his countrymen to ad- here to these principles in a spirit of service and sacrifice on the al- tar of their motherland and con- tinue their participation in the national struggle against the re- pression and exploitation that was going on at present.

Referring to the latest ordi- nance of the Viceroy, the speaker said while it exposed the policy of the government in its true co- lours it did not come as a surprise to anyone engaged in serving the national cause. Therefore it was the duty of the people to carry on and intensify the boycott move- ment undeterred by any ordinance, for it had brought the country nearer to its goal and it would bring about not only the regenera- tion of our decadent industries, but also enable us to achieve our desire to usher in the Era of inde- pendence.

Finally making a particular re- ference to the excesses committed by the myrmidons of the bureau- cracy he exclaimed "Father, for- give them for they know not what they do."

The meeting dispersed with shouts of "Bande Mataram" and "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki Jai."

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11 MUSLIM PICKETERS ARRESTED

Chorsada Liquor Shop Picketing

PSHAWAR, Oct. 10.

News has received in Peshawar that some persons from Charsada Tashil intended to picket the liquor shops in Peshawar City on 10th October and measures were taken to prevent this.

On the night of 9th instant all Sarai's in Peshawar City were visited by the Police and 113 persons from Charsada Tahsil were found there. Eleven persons admitted that they were picketers and some of the others made excuses but were also suspected.

This morning nine Charasada people came to picket the shops and were immediately arrested. Proceedings have been instituted against twenty picketers and cases of others are being investigated in Charsada.

Attempt to organise similiar activities in Peshawar City failed.—A. P.

THE TATA OIL MILLS QOUTATIONS. EX-GODOWN.

—:o:—

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 443 per ton.

Filtered Tilseed Oil Ready Rs. 24 per C/S of 8 lbs.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 107 per ton.

"Minimum Action" For Protection.

—:o:—

PROPOSAL TO EXTEND AND BUILD ROADS AND FORTRESSES.

Government Blames Afridis For Hostilities.

SIMLA, Oct. 12.

The Foreign Department has issued the following communique:—

Though the tribes on the North West Frontier have now remained quiet for some weeks and the recent tours of the Chief Commissioner in Malakand and Kurrum and the grant of refards to those who took part in the defence of the Kurrum Valley have had excellent effect. settlement has still to be reached with the Afridis, before settled conditions can be said to have returned.

"AFRIDIS UNPROVOKED ATTACKS."

Afridis, it will be remembered, accepted without demur, during the second fortnight of April, payment of their allowance, but shortly afterwards and without any justification, certain elements amongst them attained the upper hand in some sections and planned and carried out a deliberate attack on Peshawar. In spite of great restraint shown by the Government on that occasion and of the restraining influence of Maliks and elder sane elements, Afridis carried out their second attack in August with the avowed intention of interference in the interval affairs of British India. Although on both the occasions Afridi Lashkars were forced to retire with considerable casualties, their skilful use of concealment aforded by enclosed country and standing crops enabled them to avoid decisive contact with troops and the presence of large numbers of armed tribesmen in the district necessarily caused considerable disorganisation of the administration and created widespread feeling of alarm amongst the civil population. So far Afridis have shown no signs of any desire to make amends for these unprovoked attacks. On the contrary the hostile party which is still strong in certain sections appear to be adopting an even more aggressive attitude than before and far from showing any signs of submission, is urging the dictation of terms by Afridis to Government and renewal of attack if these are not accepted.

"MINIMUM ACTION FOR SECURING PROTECTION."

It is now, therefore, the clear duty of Government to take such steps as may be necessary to protect Peshawar district from further similar hostile incursions. Measures necessary to this end have been under the careful consideration of the Government for some time and a decision has now been reached which embodies the minimum action for securing protection of the district border. The Afridi incursions of the past summer were based upon caves and refuges on Khajuri and Aka Khel portions of the Peshawar plain in which a great portion of the tribe are accustomed to live in winter. Any repetition of the incursions would be rendered very much more difficult if the tribe were debarred from occuping these with hostile intent. It is accordingly essential that these portions of the Peshawar plain which lie beyond the district border should be brought under such control as will brought under control as will in in future effectly deny their use to hostile lashkars.

NEW ROADS AND FORTRESSES REQUIRED.

This, it is considered, could best be done by continuation across Khajuri plain of the present road from Peshawar which leads as far as Bara Fort and the construction of subsidiary roads to link this up with the main Khyber road and possibly also with the Peshawar Kohat road. For the protection of these new roads and general control of Khajuri and Aka Khel plains one or more fortified posts may be required to be held. The full Afridi Jirga has been summoned by the Chief Commissioner to explain these measures but despite ample notice no reply to the summons has yet been given nor has the jirga even begun to assemble. On the contrary certain well disposed elements who started for Jamrud in response to the Chief Commissioner's invitation have been prevented and turned back by strong armed detachments sent by recalcitrant leaders for this purpose.—A. P.

MERCHANTS' FEDERATION AND R. T. C.

Original Boycott Maintained.

It will be recalled that some days ago the Committee of the Federation of Indian Merchants, Chambers met in Bombay to consider a modification of its original decision to boycott the Round Table Conference. The proposed modification was that individual members might attend the R.T.C. in their personal capacity, though not as representing the Chambers. This modification was subsequently circulated among the different chambers throughout India to elicit their opinions.

The result of their voting is now available. The majority of the Chambers have opposed the modification which therefore falls to the "ground". The original boycott resolution of the Federation, therefore, stands unaffected.

FOREIGN CLOTH MERCHANTS.

—:o:—

To Open Their Shops To-day.

The following resolutions were passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Piecegoods Merchants' Association held on Monday:—

(1) After registering our protest the repressive policy of government, we had a prolonged Hartal as per our resolution of 24th July. Since then, although the merchants observed pro-longed strike, and on several occasions emphatically declared their repeated protests against repression and asked Government to accept the national demands, the Government have not eased the situation, on the other hand they have created an extremely grave state of affairs for the mercantile world and to-day's meeting views it with grave forebodings.

(2) As the Dewali festival is approaching, this meeting permits the members to open their shops to enable them to dispose of their stocks.

(3) This meeting gives the fullest support of the Association to the demands of the Indian National Congress and confirms its resolve not to make any new purchases as per resolution of 21st May 1930, and enjoins the members not to buy any foreign cloth in strict conformity with that resolution. If any member buys foreign cloth in contravention of that resolution, he will have to pay a penalty of Rs. 101 per package of which 50 per cent will go to the informant.

(4) All arrangements about the above matters are left to the managing committee for it to do the necessary from time to time.

PANVEL CONVICTIONS.

—:o:—

ALIBAG, October 13.

Sjts. Trimbak Narayan Bedekar, LL.B., and Vasantrao Vedak, Pleader, Panvel were sentenced to 6 months' rigorous and Rs. 250 fine each failing 3 months' more under section 117, I.P.C., and section 26 of Forest Act.

—:o:—

Crusade Against Drink Evil In Thana Dist.

(From A Correspondent.)

VIRAR, Oct. 11.

Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta and H. D. Rajah went to the Virar Satyagraha Camp and Mr. Mehta had a prolonged discussion about the future programme to be carried out. It seemed that there was a unanimity of opinions that vigorous picketing and campaign should be launched against the drink evil in Thana District. Village organisation also was thought of, and volunteers are being recruited for work.

VOLUNTEER DIES: Volunteer No. 7772. B. Chandoo Appaya who was admitted in the Congress Free Hospital on 9th October 1930, for fever, expired on Sunday at 5-50 p. m.

Case Against Ramnik Rai Mehta Adjourned.

Sjt. Ramnik Rai Mehta of Vile Parle against whom a warrant of arrest was pending surrendered himself to the Police on Sunday afternoon. He was put up for trial before the Bandra Magistrate on Monday and his case stands adjourned till Thursday next.

DOCKWORKERS' MEETING.

Under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. (Special Branch Carnac Bunder) a public meeting of the Dock workers will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at Keshavji Building, Carnac Bunder under the presidentship of Sjt. Nagindas Master the President of the Bombay War Council when Sjt. Kandalker, Sjt. Abdul Majid, Sjt. Nirbhayram Popat, Sjt. Babu Fazal Karim and Sjt. Sayad Nurall and other leaders will speak on "The Poverty of the country and its reasons."

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

—:o:—

To-day's Meeting At New Orleans For Constructive Work.

SHORTS COVERING UNPROTECTED SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

To-day there will be a meeting of Cotton trade at New Orleans to find out some constructive measures to same prices from a further fall. It is admitted by all that cotton prices are cheap and in view of free movement it is necessary to find out some steps to stabilize prices.

THEORY OF PROSPERITY.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. in their report of to-day's date add the following interesting note:—

"Prosperity does not result from cheap goods but from fair profits" said Calvin Coolidge, the former President of America. If this advice is to apply to the agriculturists who form the bulwark of consumers of cotton goods. we find to-day all commodities selling under last year. such as Cotton 60 per cent, Wheat 80 per cent, Corn 100 per cent, Sugar 80 per cent, Rubber 60 per cent, Wool 75 per cent, and Silk 60 per cent. Further, it is the general belief held by the World's Industrialists that as long as the Indian political situation contdnues obscure, no substantial recovery in the World's trade can rapidly take place. because. it is said that about 70 per cent of India's large imports of cotton-goods were manufactured from American Cotton and most of the foreign countries depended largely on their trade with India. Therefore, all these foreign spinners will be chary of accumulating largely American Cotton until the Indian political situation shows signs of becoming normal, though the prices are now cheap."

On Saturday the New York Cotton features market was steady. Prices advanced on favourable Liverpool cables and covering by shorts. The market closed at a rise of 13 to 15 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 15 points to 10.45c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 5 to 8 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 8 points to 10 23c.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened firm at a rise of 5 to 6 points. There was good enquiry by trade interest and prices after improving further closed at a rise of 9 to 10 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices were raised by 11 points to 5.65d. per lb. and sales amounted to 3000 Bales.

Empire Cotton futures and Egyptian Cotton futures both rings ruled steady and closed at a rise of 9 points.

The New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges will remain closed on Monday.

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their New York friends:—

"Market acts better in anticipation some constructive action at meeting New Orleans Monday. Advise purchases on declines, but would not follow bulges."

MARKET NEWS RECEIVED BY CABLES.

N. Y. January Highest 10.64 (12 noon); Lowest 10.53 (11-20 a.m.)

NEW YORK WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

The Government report was preceded by declines to new low levels for the season under liquidation and Southern selling, but rallies followed, although the market was later in the week unsettled by the weakness of the wheat and securities markets. The increase in the official crop indication establishes the estimates of the season's supply on a firmer basis, although the frost may make some difference.

A meeting of cotton trade and Farm Board representatives and textile organisations is called for Monday at New Orleans to discuss measures for stabilising the market, and some authorities expect constructive developments, but the announcement has been without much effect on the immediate market. The sentiment is still divided between expectation of an ultimate advance on the probable effects of the present price on acreage and consumption and the possibility of further declines under the weight of movement.—Reuter.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

11-45 a.m.—Liverpool market advanced on some Continental buying, offerings limited.

12 noon.—New York cables: We estimate domestic consumption of all cotton for September at 385,000 bales. The average consumption per working day during the month just indicated was 16.400 bales.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARKETS.

Liverpool May (Expected) equal to 5.91; Broach A-M (Expected) Rs. 199 equal to 4.51. Difference 140 points equal to Rs. 61.

New York May (Close) 11.01 equal to 5.50; Broach A-M (Expected) Rs. 199 equal to 4.51. Difference 99 points equal to Rs. 44.

Liverpool-New York (at N. Y. Close and Liverpool due) January 75, May 81 (American points).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received the following telegraphic market information:—

Liverpool:—America cables, fair trade print cloths. Finer goods more active.

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Following a further rise of 13 points in New York futures, the local market opened steady at Rs. 198-4 for Broach A-M delivery. At this level there was some long liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 197-8. The market is expecting some good result from the New Orleans' meeting. There was some local buying and prices advanced to Rs. 198-8. Liverpool opening cables were quiet but steady.

Later advices from Liverpool were easy and in the local market prices declined on selling by jobbers. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A-M	196/12
Oomra D-J	164/12
Bengal D-J	136/8

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Oct.	139.80 plus .20
Jan.	128.60 plus .10
April	122.10 plus .10

GOLD AND SILVER.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Mint Gold, Ready	21	7	9
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	21	5	3
Mint Gold, 2nd "	21	6	0
Silver, Ready	47	9	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	47	7	0
Silver, 2nd "	47	8	0

READY COTTON SALES.

Oct. 13th.

100 Currimbhai Bodeli 186 1/2.
100 Japan T. and Co. Thasra 190 3/4.
100 Japan T. and Co. Maheji 162
54 Japan T. and Co. Akola 164.
45 Japan T. and Co Bodeli 190.
100 G. G. Kesha and Co. Wardha 163.
90 P. Crystal and Co. Timba Road 187 1/2.
49 P. Crystal and Co. Mulkapur 161 1/2.
100 A. Damodar Abher 145.
134 Gokuldas Dossa Dhamangaon 160.
100 Mithabhai Nathoo Rutlam 144.
32 Virum Ladha Manavader 177.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.—

Receipts to date 11-10-30 1930-31 3194000, 1929-30 2747000.
Receipts Yesterday 11-10-30 1930-31 60000, 1929-30 89000.
Exports to date 11-10-30 1930-31 1532000, 1929-30 1331000.
Stock at Ports 10-10-30 1930-31 3052000, 1929-30 1597000.
Stock Interior Towns 10-10-30 1930-31 1099000, 1929-30 882000.
Stock Liverpool 10-10-30 1930-31 709000, 1929-30 670000.
Visible Supply 10-10-30 1930-31 5690000, 1929-30 3596000.
Quantity in Sight 10-10-30 1930-31 4192000, 1929-30 4384000.
Quantity out of Sight 10-10-30 1930-31 1606000, 1929-30 2543000.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Broach	187/191
Bengal	140/145
Mathia	157/146
Khandeish	161/165
Akola/Khamgaon	162/166
Nagpur/Wardha	167/174
Barsi/Kurduwadi	161/165
Jalna/Aurangabad	162/166
Nagar/Vambori	160/165
Purna/Parbani	162/167
Khandwa/Sanavad	165/168
Indore/Ujjain	165/172
Miraj/Sangli	215/220
Coompta	213/224
Tirupur/Cambodia	248/278

STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED.

—:o:—

PROTEST AGAINST ORDINANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

All business on the Bombay Stock Exchange was suspended today by the Board as a protest against the latest Ordinance etc.

LIVERPOLL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 11.

Oct. close at s. 5/11 1/4d up 1/2d
Dec. close at s. 5/10d up unchanged.
Mar. close at s. 5/10d. up 1/4d.
Wheat Chicago Market.
Dec. per bushel dol. 77-3/8 down 1-7/8
Mar. per bushel dol 81-1/2 down 1-3/4.
May per bushel dol. 83-5/8 down 2-1/8.
Argentine Linseed Quotations.
Nov. 14.64 down 6.
Feb. 13.53 down 12.

Wakeful Nigh

No man can command sleep, but a cup of Rowntree's Cocoa, taken last thing at night, has a wonderful effect in assisting tired body and brain to find the sleep they long for.

Moreover, Rowntree's Cocoa is extremely nourishing and very nourishing.

Try a cup to-night, and get the Rowntree habit. It is so easy.

Rowntree's Cocoa

It's Right-if it's Rowntree's

The Massive Movement gives strength

While a good strong case is an essential part of a time-piece, its quality as a time-keeper depends upon the movement.

The massive movement fitted to all WEST END "Jaz" ALARMS is the strongest, most reliable and accurate machine ever created for a time piece sold at such a low price. It is well-finished in every detail and the alarm equipment is just as dependable as the time-keeping mechanism. Every WEST END "Jaz" ALARM is overhauled and tested in our workshops before sale.

WEST END WATCH CO
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

Radium Dials Rs. 2 Extra Black or White ground.

WEST END "Jaz" ALARM
Fitted with Long Continuous Alarm Rs. 7
Fitted with Long Intermittent Alarm Rs. 8

Available with Roman or Arabic Figures.

National Leaders' Announcement

No Swaraj Without Swadeshi.

CALICO AND JUBILEE MILLS

offer you the best reliable SWADESHI CLOTH.

Before making Divali Purchases see their Special Varieties at

Rashtriya Swadeshi Bhandar

1 Kalbadevi, 2 Zaveri Bazar, 3 Sandhurst Rd., 4 Share Bazar and 5 Mandvi—BOMBAY and Santa Cruz, Broach, Nadiad.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.)

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Oct.		
18th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
25th	MALWA*	11,206
Nov.		
1st	RAJPUTANA	16,644
8th	NALDERA x	16,038
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA *	11,120
29th	MANTUA	10,946
Dec.		
6th	NARKUNDA *	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI x	16,697
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931.		
Jan.		
3rd	MOOLTAN x	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	16,644
17th	RANCHI *	16,650
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA x	20,837
Feb.		
7th	MANTUA	10,946
14th	COMORIN *	15,279
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,348
28th	NALDERA x	16,088
Mar.		
7th	KAISAR-I-HIND @	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
21st	RANPURA @	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA x	16,572
Apl.		
4th	RANCHI @	16,650
9th	MOLDAVIA ‡	16,556
11th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
18th	Viceroy of India @	19,648
26th	MOOLTAN x	20,952
May		
2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
9th	CHITRAL x	15,248
16th	MACEDONIA	11,129
23rd	MALOJA x	20,837
30th	MALWA	11,009

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

x Through from Australia.

s Through from China.

with limited accommodation for passengers from India.

‡ Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd Cabin passengers.

† To Marseilles only.

@ These steamers will call at MONACO after leaving Marseilles Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE.

TO LONDON.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£82	£83	£72	£69
Return	161	144	136	103

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£56	£50
Return	98	88

TO MARSEILLES.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	116	102

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£52	£4
Return	91	81

NEW REDUCED THIRD CLASS CABIN FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	28	45

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS 1931.

The "MOLDAVIA", 16,543 tons, carrying first saloon and third cabin passengers leaves London 13th and Marseilles 20th March, due Bombay April 3rd.

The "Strathnaver", a new steamer of 21,100 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.
Nov.		
30th	DUMANA	8,437
Dec.		
11th	DOMALA	8,433
1931.		
Mar.		
26th	DUMANA	8,437
Apl.		
16th	DOMALA	8,433

SHIPPING.

These two vessels are "one class" ships. Fares as follows:—

Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	B	C
Single	£64	£60	£56
Return	£112	£105	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
Oct.		
18	Alipore	Straits, China and Japan.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan.
24th	Razmak	Colombo
Nov.		
7	Moolta*	Colombo and Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931.		
Jan.		
2	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
Feb.		
13	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan
27	Moolta*	Colombo and Australia.

*Cargo only

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every month. Fares £74 to £100.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about		
Oct.		
15th	Bankura	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports.
17th	Varsova.	K'chi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
18th 9 a.m.	Chakla	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and C'Mandvi
20th 10 a.m.	Vita	Karachi via Porebunder Cutch Mandvi and Port Okha.
22nd	Karagola	East and South Africa via P'Bunder
24th	Ellora	Mombasa

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs.-Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.-Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex. the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

O.S.K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamers.	Arrival.	Departure
Hamburg Maru	10th Oct.	10th Oct.
Havre Maru ..	25th Oct.	8th Nov
Borneo Maru ..	8th Nov.	20th Nov
Shunko Maru ..	24th Nov.	8th Dec

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LIMITED
(Incorporated in Japan).
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25479
Telegrams:—"SHOSEN"
Box No. 658.

FOR CONTROLLING BIRTH.

"Mahashakti Talisman" is infalliable. Surely stops conception. Price Rs. 2-12. For Retentive Power—use "Kandarpa Talisman", Rs. 2-4.

S. BIDYABHUSHAN,
Bagachara (Nadia), Bengal.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K.
LINE.

FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Hakusan Maru ..	10500	.. ..	@21 Oct.
*Malacca Maru ..	5374	16 Oct	28 Oct.
Baruma Maru@	10500	.. ..	4 Nov.
TangoMaru	6893	30 Oct.	15 Nov.
KamoMaru	8000	.. ..	@19Nov
*Tottori Maru ..	5975	15 Nov.	27 Nov.
Katori Maru ..	10000	.. ..	@2 Dec
*Yamagata Maru ..	3807	20 Nov.	2 Dec.
*Iyo Maru.	5962	30 Nov.	11 Dec.
Kashima Maru ..	10000	.. ..	@16Dec.

*Calls at Colombo

@ Do not carry passengers.

(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamer	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakone Maru ..	10500	29 Oct	15 Nov
SuwaMaru.	11000	13 Nov.	30 Nov.
Fushimi Maru ..	11000	27 Nov.	14 Dec

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Calcutta Maru ..	22000	30 Oct	5 Nov
Asama Maru ..	23000	20 Nov.	26 Nov.
Chichibu Maru ..	22000	11 Dec.	17 Dec.

Others are Orient-Seattle Round-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services. Reduced combined through fares. Cheapest Round and World Tour rates and other fares. Full particulars on which are furnished on application to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Nicol Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20272 and 20273
Telegrams: "YUSEN".

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. MISTRY & CO.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUY JECOBEAN AND ADAMS MODERN STYLE COMPLETE BUNGALOW FURNITURE.

AUCTION SALE on THURSDAY, the 16th instant at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at 4 Carnegy Road of New Marine Lines, Fort of specially made very handsome true to period Jecobean and Adams style highly polished complete household furniture richly upholstered double spring chesterfield suites gramophone, rich plush hall carpet, also old Indian carved furniture, Singer-machine, silver, brass and platedware, etc.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

MISTRY & CO.

DICK BARTHELMESS

IS COMING TO ENTERTAIN YOU DURING

DIVALI HOLIDAYS

KEEP YOUR DATES OPEN.

SHIPPING NEWS

Export & Import

ARRIVALS
October 13.
Mandalay, Walker, Calcutta.
City of Dalhart, Rose, New York.

LOADING.
October 13.
Steamer Jalajyoti for Calcutta.

S S Mandalay:—The G T Company's steamer Mandalay, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo Coal.

S S City of Dalhart:—The F. F. Campbell Company's steamer City of Dalhart, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

MONDAY, October 13, 1930.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 C/Harvad, Calcutta, 15-10 F F Campbell & Co.
2 Kaiser-i-Hind, London, 18-10, M M and Co.
4 Elysia, N. F. 13-10 Grahams T Co.
5 Gange 6752 Trieste 16-10 L T Co.
6 Warfield Karachi 16-10 M M & Co.
8 Yselkirk, Antwerp, 16-10, E D Sassoon and Co.
9 C/Barcelona 3525 Karachi 13-10 K Nixon & Co.
12 Schonfels Karachi, 14-10, L Edwards.
13 City of London, Liverpool N F, K Nixon and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Hamburg Maru, Kobe, 18-10, O S Kaisha
7 Janaki Karachi 14-10 Malabar Steamship and Co.
8 Alipore 3,241 Japan 18-10 M M & Co.
9 Bahadur Calcutta 17-10 T. Morrison & Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

C/R Hatipara Calcutta 18-10 M M & Co.
M Parvati Karachi 15-10 B. S. N. Co.
P. Closteappelle M Coast 15-10 Merchant S. N. Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

—:o:—

FROM LONDON.

Rajputana 17-10-30, P and O. Co.
Razmak, 23-10-30, P and O Co.
Rawalpindi, 24-10-30, P and O Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

Dumana 28-10-30 M M and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Britania 18-10-30 G T Co.
Castalia 3-11-30 G T Co.
California 10-11-30 G T Co.
Clan Mackentosh 15-10-30 J F Co.
City of Nagpur 20-10-30 K N Co.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Japan 7-10-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM HAMBURG.

Hohenfels 20-10-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM GENOA.

Aquileia 12-10-30 M Italiana

FROM TRIESTE

Cracovia 25-10-30 L T Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Auckland 27-10-30 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Venice 7-11-30 F F Campbell and Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Texel 26-10-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Bovenkerk 16-11-30 E D Sassoon and Co.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.

Malacca Maru, 16-10-30 N Y Kaisha.
Tango Maru 30-10-30 N Y Kaisha
Mantua 26-9-30 P and O S N Co.
Mirzapore 12-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Havre Maru 25-9-30, O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 8-11-30, O S Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 15-11-30, N Y Kaisha.
Yamagata 20-11-30, N Y Kaisha.

FROM DURBAN.

Khandalla, 25-10-30, M M and Co.

—:o:—

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS FOR LONDON

Kaiser-i-Hind 18-10-30 P and O S N Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

C/Barcelona 13-10-30 K N Co.

FOR GENOA

Ratti N F T M & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

C & Co Harvard 14-10-5 F F Campbell
City of Dalhart N F L Edward Ltd

FOR TRIESTE.

Gange, 16-10-30 L T Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Schonfels 14-10-30 L Edward Ltd
Yselkerk, 14-10-30, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Varsova NF, M M and Co.
Bankura NF M M and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Kaga Maru 14-10-30 N. Y. Kaisha.
Hamburg Maru 18-10-30 O S Kaisha.
Alipore 18-10-30 P & O S N Co.

FOR RANGOON

Gurna N F M M & Co. Nurmahal N F T M & Co.
Jalavihar NF S S N Co.
Jalarathna N F S S N Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Hatepara 18-10-30 M M & Co.
Jalajyoti N F S S N Co.

FOR JEDDAH.

Alavi NF T M & Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Warfield 16-10-30 M M & Co.
Clysia 13-10-30 G T Co.

FOR BANGKOK.

Maur N.F., F F Campbell and Co.

STEAMERS FIXED.

FOR LONDON.

Kaiser-i-Hind, 3,570, Headlam, P and O S N Co.

FOR TRIESTE

Gange, 6,751, Petrok, L T Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia 4211 Henderson, G T Co.
C/Barcelona 3524 Hill K N & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

C/Harvard 4462 McMillan F F Campbell Co.

FOR GENOA.

Ratti 4736 T M & Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Yselkerk, 4,520, Kimurer, E D Sassoon and Co.
Schonfels 5313 Stefften L Edward Ltd.

FOR DURBAN.

Karagola NF, M M and Co.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.

Kaga Maru, 3,615, Tani, Kaisha.
Hamburg Maru 3158 Inraba O S Kaisha.
Alipore 3241 Dawson P & O S N Co.

FOR KARACHI

Warfield 3505 Steel M M & Co.
Elysia 4211 Henderson G T Co.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Varsova 1957 Rome M M and Co.
Bankura 1905 Darkee M M and Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Jalavihar, 3,381, Park, S S N Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Karagola 3647 Oliver M M and Co.

FOR JEDDAH.

Alavi 2151 Keir T M & Co.

FOR BANGKOK.

Maur 649 Joenson, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA

Hatipara 4893 Rotterson M M & Co.
Jaljyoti 2698 Owens S S N Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Comorin (By Boat) 11-10-30
Schoufels 13-10-30
Arabia 10-10-30
Tabiuta 10-10-30.
Narkunda Cargo brought from B. P. Station Ny Corts 10-10-30.
Bahaduri 11-10-30
Vita 11-10-30
Hamburg Maru 13-10-30

EXPORTS.

October 13.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for London: 27 Bales of Animal skin E. Nurullah; 12 Bales of Animals skin H. Jewar; 23 Bales of Animal skin H. A. Aminoff 2 Bales of Animal skin M Nissim; 18 bales of Woollen Carpets H. A. Aminoff; 27 bales of woolen carpets T. J. Husseinoff; 10 bales of woolen carpets I. P. Faizullah; 1 bale of woolen nundas D. Chellaram; 2 bales of brassware D. Chellaram; 2000 cwts. linseed oil cakes C. Bopubhai; 12 cwts. groundnuts B. Ardesher and Co.; 35 cwts. chutney T. Nowroji; 24 cwts. chutney N. K. Jassawala.

For Marseilles: 62 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For New York: 20 bales woollen Namdas M M & Co.

For Istabul 60 cwts Hena power M M & Co.

For Izvir: 180 cwts. Henna powder M M & Co.

S S Yselkirk for Rotterdam 105 cwt gumkarya D. Mavji & Co.

For Antwerp: 55 bales of cotton raw Bombay & Co.; 122 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 100 cwts. Niger seed M Bhuta & Co.

For Hamburg 366 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For New York 150 bales cotton waste M Norottamdas.

S S Schonfels for Hamburg: 100 cwts. gumykara S Khetsey & Co.

S S City of Dalhart for Philadelphia: 2000 cwts myrabollum C. Jivanlal and Co.

For New York: 201 cwts. gumkaraga Jmeuyro & Co.

S S Gange for Triboli: 24 bales cotton yarn Sassoon J David & Co.

For Tripoli: 10 bales cotton waste Sassoon J David & Co.

For Jaffa: 37 bales cotton yarn K. P. Amir.

For Trieste: 125 bales cotton yarn Phoenix Mills Ltd.; 1000 bales cotton twist Sassoon J David & Co.; 10 bales cotton yarn K. P. Azir

For Alexandretta: 50 bales cotton twist Sassoon J David & Co.; 25 bales cotton twist Phoenix Mills Ltd.

For Triste: 125 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co.; 175 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 55 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd.

S S Ratti for Genoa: 110 bales cotton raw H. Nensey & Co.

City of Harward for Philadelphia: 981 cks goatskin Deccan Trading Co.

S S Alipore for Kobe: 595 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton trading Co; 400 bales cotton raw K. M. Nathoo; 181 bales cotton raw V. Ladha & Co. 202 bales cotton raw M. Amersay & Co. 1200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 300 bales cotton raw N. Fatehally.

For Yokohama: 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Hamburg Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw J. K. Kaisha Ltd. 63 bales cotton raw Nissho Co. Ltd.

For Shanghai 500 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokohama 100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Moji: 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

IMPORTS

Bombay, Oct. 13.

S S City of Barcilona Agent K. Nixon & Co. from Liverpool: 200 bales cotton raw; 210 bales cotton piece goods; 35 bales cotton yarn; 152 bales rolls fruits; 36 bales distumper; 307 bales machinery; 520 bales soap; 24 bales crucible; 37 bales whisky; 90 bundles plates 89 bundles copperware; 75 dunlub greese; 135 dunlub oil; 396 dunlub paint; 205 chemicals; 30 cases springs; 382 cases E'ware.

From Portsaid: 148 bales cotton.

S S Arabia, Agent M Italiana from Genoa: 31 cases hemp rope 155 cases vermonth; 40 cases milk; 29 cases C& Co. rugs; 100 cases soap; 15 cases tiles; 70 cases silk yarn; 20 cases wine; 70 cks. congo red; 85 bales cements; 300 bales chemicals.

From Calanata: 700 bags sulpher; 38 cases lemons.

From Neples: 3737 bags potatoes; 45 cases silk yarn; 20 cases preserumes.

From Marseilles: 70 cakes veremouth; 700 cakes Lead ore; 100 cakes chemicals.

From Legbora: 20 cases hemp; 536 cases Alabater; 38900 cakes marble tiles; 601 cakes marble slakes; 230 cakes borar.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

—:o:—

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Since 1st September,—
In full-pressed Bales

	1-10-30	This year.
Khandesh	188	4,520
Central India	78	6,665
Barsi and Nagar	58	2,503
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	1,867
Berar	337	12,130
Central Provinces	178	8,198
Total Oomra	839	35,883
Dholera	104	4,010
N.-W. Provinces	788	4,823
Rajputana	...	1,105
Sind-Punjab	82	2,503
Broach	...	1,489
Coompta & Dharwar	18	7,739
Westerns-Northerns	222	3,340
Cocanada	...	...
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	5,617
Persian	...	...
American	...	2,194
Egyptian and African	344	14,098
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	115
Total	2,397	82,909

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

1st Sept. to 9th Oct.
In full-pressed Bales

	1-10-30	This year.
Europe	311	63,197
Japan and China	4,713	1,72,722
Coast Ports	...	2,002
Up-country by Rail	...	12,364
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	41,574
Total	5,024	2,91,869

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

	bales.
Khandeish	188
Central India	78
Barsi-Nugger	58
Berar	337
Central Provinces	178
Dholera	104
N.-W. Provinces	788
Sind-Punjab	82
Compta-Dharwar	18
Westerns-Northerns	222
Egyptians	344
Cotton	2,397 cwts.
Wheat	5,599
Linseed	615
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	150
Gingellyseeds	383
Poppyseeds	47
Groundnuts	4,105
Castorseeds	1,266
Rice	1,529
Myrabollams	202
Cottonseeds	647
Mowraseeds	173
Gram	427
Joowar	724
Maize	9
Barley	337
Bajree	298
Coal	242 tons.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Marwari Bazar:—			
Linseed May 1931	7	8	6
Wheat May 1931	4	9	3
Dana Bunder:—			
Wheat White Pissa	4	12	0
Wheat White Mara	4	12	0
Groundnuts October	6	9	0
Cottonseed October	2	13	0
Linseed Spot	9	8	0
Linseed May	7	14	6
Rapeseed	9	8	0
Mahooraseed	5	14	0
Poppyseed	10	12	0
Myrabollams	22	0	0

MONEY MARKET.

—:o:—

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

B C Rate T T 1/5 25/32.
B. C. Rate D D 1/5 13/16
LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 13/16 To Dec.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 27/32
Banks Buying T T 1/5 25/32 January/February.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 27/32 To January.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 7/8
Banks Buying 3 months 1/6 Oct/Nov.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/32 Dec.
NEW YORK.—
B C Rate T T 2 278 1/4.
Banks Selling T T 278
Banks Buying T T 276 3/4
PARIS.—
Banks Selling D D 914
Banks Buying D D 914
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940
JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 137 3/4
Banks Buying 60 Days 135
HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 89 1/2
SHANGHAI.—
Banks Selling D D 109 1/2
SINGAPORE.—
Banks Selling D D 157 1/3
JAVA.—
Banks Selling D D 89 1/4
CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4.85 27/32 11th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/7 5/16 13th inst.
Japan/London 2/0 15/32 11th inst.
London/Paris 123.90 11th inst.
London/Belgium 34.835 11th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.00 11th inst.
London/Italy 92.80 11th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.
Gold £4.4.11 5/8 10th inst. £4.4.11 5/8 11th inst.
Silver London Ready £16 11/16 10th inst. £16 5/8 11th inst.
Silver London Forward £16 11/16 10th inst. £16 5/8 11th inst.
Silver New York Ready 36 3/8 10th inst. £36 1/8 11th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 2 5/32 per cent 10th inst. £2 5/32 per cent 11th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 2 11/32 per cent. 10th inst. 2 11/32 per cent. 11th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent
Money:—Inter Bank Call 2 1/4 per cent. 3 Mos 3 per cent. 6 Mos 4 per cent. 12 Mos 4 per cent.
Tone:—Quiet.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay Oct. 13.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64/11.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/2
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89.
4 per cent Loan due 1960/70 Rs. 73/10
4 1/2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95/2
4 1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 82/12
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94/14
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 96/2
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 94/2
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/3
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101/1.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101/2
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102
6 per cent Bonds due 1933-36 Rs. 100/13
6 1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 104/14
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 72/4
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 71/4
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 71/4
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 88
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 100/3
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1950-60 Rs. 100/2

FORWARD RATES.

17th October settlement.
3½ p. c. Rupee Paper Rs. 64-10-0
5 p. c. 1945-55 Rs. 101-10-0
Tone of Market:—Quiet.

LONDON DISCOUNTS

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 13.

3 Months Discounts 2 5/32 p.c.
6 Months Discounts 2 11/32 p. c.
Bank of England rate 3 p.c.
Call Money 2½ p.c.
One Month 2½ p.c.
Three Months 3 p.c.
Six Months 4 p.c.
Tone of Money market.—Dull.
Imperial Bank of India rate—5 per cent.
Tone of Silver:—Quiet. China sold.
Speculators the only buyers.

THE SEEDS TRADES' ASSOCIATION.

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 33/3; Highest Rs. 33/11/3; Lowest Rs. 33/5/6; Closing Rs. 33/8/6.

Groundnut Seeds February Opening Rs. 30/12; Highest Rs. 31; Lowest Rs. 30/9; Closing Rs. 30/14/6.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1930.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

—:0:—

CONDEMNATION OF LAHORE — SENTENCES. ... ...

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 12.

Saturday was a day of unusual excitement in the city. It was the Rajguru-Bhagat Singh Day. On Friday thousands of handbills regarding the observance of the day had been distributed and Rajguru being a Maharashtriya, the programme had roused the public mind here. At about 12 noon yesterday the Dictator of the Youth League, Mr. N. Bharat Sing and the proprietor of the "Vijaya" Press were arrested under Sections 117 and 302 of the I. P. C., for publishing and printing the handbill regarding the procession and the meeting of the day. The news spread rapidly. All wondered why they should have been arrested for a mere handbill which contained the programme of the day which was to be carried out. But at about 2 p.m. both the arrested gentlemen were sent to the Cantonment lock-up.

Would the day be observed? Will the procession and the meeting be held? That was the obsession of the public mind. The police appeared to be more than commonly active about the Shivaji Mandir and the Tilak Mandir. The situation grew tenser and tenser every moment. Men assembled in the Shivaji Mandir. In the absence of the arrested Dictator, a sixth one, Mr. S. R. Phatak, was appointed and under his leadership the procession of bare-headed youg men and old people started. It passed through the streets for one hour and returned to the Tilak Mandir. The new Dictator read out the resolution condemning the sentences passed against the Lahore convicts. It was passed, the assembly standing. The national song was chanted and then the meeting dispersed. There was no hitch in the execution of the programme.

The two arrested persons were produced before the Magistrate this morning and they have been released on a bail of one thousand rupees. Two other workers of the Poona Youth League are reported to have been arrested at Kalvan in Nasik District, where they had gone for the Forest Satyagraha.

The excitement of Saturday was further heightened this morning when the news of the ninth Ordinance and the declaration of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee and other bodies as unlawful associations. The Bombay Suburban Congress Committee falls within the jurisdiction of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee. In accordance with the ninth Ordinance, the Satyagraha Shibir located in the Tilak Smarak Mandir was asked by the authorities of the Mandir, to be vacated. And the Mandir has been vacated by the Satyagrahis. Where the Shibir will now remove itself is not yet known.

BHARAT MITRA MELA.

This Mela held its prize-distribution ceremony on Friday night in the Kirloskar Theatre. A programme of songs was also fixed up for the benefit of the Youth League. For two and a half hours the boys sang the povadas and songs in a fairly charming manner. The prizes were distributed by Mr. D. V. Divekar in the absence of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar. The Secretary of the Mela briefly narrated the history of the Mela and the President congratulated the Mela for the service it was rendering and hoped that it would prosper more and more. Half the proceeds of the night have been donated to the Youth League.

HEALTH OF CITY.

Rains have ceased and the thick morning mist which envelopes the whole city shows that the winter has set in. The health of the city during the last month does not seem to have been satisfactory. The total mortality in September was 405. Out of it, children under three were 49; infant mortality 141; still-births 9; according to diseases, the figures are as follows:—Pneumonia 8; Phthisis 32; other respiratory diseases 44; Diarrhoea 32; Cholera 14; the maximum number of deaths registered on one day was 25.

BARDOLI MAKING HISTORY AT GREAT SACRIFICE.

Leaving their hearths and homes, thousands of Bardoli peasants have migrated in all directions. Our picture shows a Vankaner party doing "Hijrat."

Having sacrificed their home comforts, the emigrants put up in "mandwas" or temporary sheds in the the neighbouring teritories.

Villages present a deserted appearance in Bardoli. Houses have been locked up and not even a watchman has been left behind. This picture was taken in Afwa village.

Property worth crores has been left behind by the poor peasants of Bardoli. Here is a rich harvest sacrificed by its owner.

Bardoli Ashram no longer belongs to the people. The police have seized it and a constable is guarding it.

This is the Swaraj Ashram at Surat, forfeited by the Government. Mahatma Gandhi has been its occupant very often. It is also being guarded by police.

PLENARY POWERS FOR SATYAGRAHA COMMITTEE.

—:0:—

B. P. C. C. Overhauls Constitution.

(Through Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.)

The following resolution was passed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at its meeting held on Sunday last.

Resolved (a) that all the powers and functions vested in the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for the prasecution of the present campaign be and are hereby vested in the present Satyagraha Committees consisting of (i) The President (ii) Vice-President (iii) two Secretaries (iv) the Editor of the Bulletin and (v) a co-opted member.

(b) That the President shall also exercise the powers of the Treasurer.

(c) That every Satyagraha Committee will have the power to appoint the next Satyagraha Committee.

(d) That the Satyagraha Committee will have full power and authority to carry on the campaign and to do all such acts as may be necessary in furtherance of the same.

(e) That this Meeting ratifies all acts done so far by the Satyagraha Committee.

(f) That all other Committee including Boycott and Estate Committee appointed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in connection with the present campaign be and are hereby dissolved, and their powers and functions are hereby vested in the Satiagraha Committee and will be exercised by the Committee for the time being.

(g) That the Council of Management be and is hereby suspended.

(h) That the present resolution do operate during the continuance of the present campaign.

GOVT. ORDER DEFIED.

—:0:—

Malvan Leaders Arrested

(Through Malvan Taluka C. C.)

MALVAN, Oct. 10.

Messrs. Barve, Kulkarni, Mahajan and three other leaders of Malvan were asked by the District Magistrate to leave Malvan within 36 hours. They disobeyed the order and at the end of the period they were led to the police thana in procession by the Prabhat Pherries and other people of Malvan in the morning of 8th instant. When the procession reached its destination it was confronted with a police cordon. The leaders were then arrested and though the procession was quite orderly and peaceful the Inspector of Police suddenly declared the procession to bt an unlawful assembly and asked the people including small boys in the Prabhat Pherries to disperse. Despersal with a 'lathi' charge was threatened in case of delay. But the police later thought better of it and no untoward incident actually happened. The incident provides illuminating commentary on the mentality of the police and it also explains how sometimes peaceful processions are subjected to unnecessary provocation.

BAN ON GANDHI CAPS IN DEWAS PALACE?

—:0:—

Congress Office Opened In Dewas (Senior).

(From A Correspondent.)

DEWAS, Oct. 11.

Since last two months the Gandhi Cap is not allowed in the compound of the Palace of Dewas Senior. The Police is keeping a strict watch on the persons who wear Gandhi Caps. The state servants are stricly warned not to use the Gandhi Caps. Balmukund, a servant of Customs Departments has been, it is reported, dismissed for wearing the Gandhi Cap. The public has decided to open a branch of the local Congress Committee with Mr. Nanurao B. Abanna as its first Secretary. The head office of the local Congress is to be kept in the jurisdiction of Dewas Junior Branch. The public will be much obliged if the ban will be lifted before Satyagraha is attempted. Will His Highness care to listen to his subject's requests?

BAN ON KERALA CONGRESS OFFICE.

—:0:—

Order Under Sec. 144.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

CALICUT, Oct. 9.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Calicut, has issued the following Order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. to Messrs. Hassan Koya Mulla, President, K. P. C. C., K. Madhava Menon, Secretary, K. P. C. C., P. Achuthan, P. K. Kuhisankara Menon, E. Gopala Panikkar, Gopala Pillay, and K. Rmanm Menon.

TEXT OF THE ORDER.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to me that you are allowing a number of Congress Satyagraha volunteers to habitually make use of the Congress Office situated at the Robinson Road, Calicut, as their lodging; that they so use the said Congress Office for the purpose of spreading disaffection against Government and preparing themselves to commit or abet the commission of breaches of the Salt Law and orders duly issued under lawful authority; and whereas these anti-Government activities of the Congress volunteers are likely to lead to a disturbance of the public tranquility. I M. P. Narayanan Nair, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Calicut hereby prohibit you, the above-mentioned persons, under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. from allowing any Congress Satyagraha volunteers to assemble in or use the said Congress Office as their lodging and the Congress volunteers from assembling in or making use of the Congress Office as their lodging for a period of two months from this date. As this is a case of emergency, the order is passed ex-parte.

"Given under my hand and the seal of this Court, this, the 7th day of October, 1930. (Sd.) M. P. Narayanan Nair."

MR. SANKARA NARAYANA MENON ARRESTED.

Mr. V. Sankara Narayana Menon, a member of the Malabar District Board and a prominent Congressman has been arrested for disobeying the Order under Sec. 144 served on him by the Distrcit Magistrate, prohibiting him from addressing Congress meetings.

BELGAUM NOTES.

—:0:—

Reception To Gangadharrao Deshpande.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, Oct. 10.

Sjt. Gangadharrao was released from Hindalge jail yesterday in the morning. Messrs. Yalgi and others had gone to Hindalge at the time of his release and brought him into the town. He was accompanied by Mr. Deogirikar of the Chitramanya Jagat, Poona who was also released on the same day. On entering town and at the Jawaharlal Chowk Gangadharraoji was received by a huge crowd which was waiting to have his darshan. Saluting the National flags in the Chowk Gangadharraoji repaired to his house nearby and there received his admirers. He refused to be taken in procession and said that if congratulations were due at all they were due to the people from him for having maintained the movement in full vigour in the spirit of non-violence even in his absence.

At 9 p.m. a meeting was arranged in the Zenda (market) Chowk to welcome the leader and Mr. Deogirikar. Rain intervened and the meeting was shifted to the Maruti temple. Short speeches advising the audience to stick fast to non-violence and have faith in the leadership of Mahatmaji were delivered by both and the meeting dispersed. To-day Mr. Deogirikar leaves for Poona and Sjt. Gangadharraoji goes to Kumri Ashram for rest.

SHAHAPUR ACTIVITY.

On Sunday Shahapur will have the flag salutation ceremony in a grand scale. Sjt. Gangadharraoji has consented to preside and unfurl the flag. Preparations are proceeding fast and it is expected a gathering of more than 15,000 souls will attend the ceremony.

TALE OF A TREASURE.

Marihal is a village in the Shahapur Taluka some 10 miles away from Shahapur. In the hills near the village, fabulous wealth is said to be lying hidden some 40 feet below the surface. On the insistence of a janiam believer the Sangli State authorities have from today commenced operations to excavate the spot suspected to hold the treasure and people are awaiting sensational discoveies. A posse of 40 armed sepoys under the direction of the State Police Superintendent is guarding the locality and the Diwan has encamped at the place to supervise the operations. Both Shahapur and Belgaum have observed a complete hartal to-day to protest against the sentences on Bhagat Singh and co-accused.

SJT. SEN GUPTA IN KARACHI.

—:0:—

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Act. 13.

Sjt. Sen Gupta with wife and two private secretaries arrived here at 8 a.m. S. S. Chakla. Large crowds of people had assembled at the wharf to honour him and as the boat anchored the whole atmosphere resounded with recurring cries of "Inquilab" Zindabad", Mahatmaki-jai. Sen Guptaki-jai. He was received by the "Dictator" of th war council and members and the Lord Mayor of Karachi. He and Mrs. Sen Gupta were profusely garlanded by the gents and ladies. At the gate he received guards of honour and salute amidst defening cheers. He and Mrs. Sen Gupta inspected the guard with the "Dictator" Dr. Sethna and Captain Jeshtaram, and then motored to Clifton.

The Assuan Dam.

a LONDON, Oct. 13.

Alexandria.—It is stated that Government has decided to continue with the heightening of the Assuan Dam.—Reuter.

Solicitor-General Resigns.

—:0:—

LONDON. Oct. 13.

Sir James Melville, Solicitor-General, has resigned due to ill health.—Reuter.

SEQUEL TO KIFAYTULAH'S ARREST.

—:0:—

Hartal Observed In Delhi.

GOVT.'S REPRESSIVE POLICY CONDEMNED.

DELHI, Oct. 13.

Delhi observed a hartal yesterday as a mark of protest against the arrest of Mufti Kifayatulah, President of Jamait-ul-Ulema and a member of the Congress Working Committee. Practically all the Hindu and Muslim shops remained closed. A procession was taken out and a public meeting was held at which speeches were made condemning Government's repressive policy.—A. P.

JUTE CRISIS IN BENGAL.

—:0:—

Restriction Of Cultivation Urged

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13.

A Conference of representative Zemindars, Indian Mahajans, Traders and others was held at Tagore Castle last evening, Maharaja Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore presiding, to discuss the jute situation in Bengal. The Conference passed resolutions urging the Government to direct all banks to advance money on reasonable interest to Zemindars and to ryots, who are mainly affected by the fall of jute price and urging Government propaganda to restrict jute cultivation for the ensuing year. The Conference also appointed a deputation to wait on the Bengal Governor for suggesting to His Excellency to take immediate action in the matter. The Maharaja Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore, Maharaja of Kashimbazar, Maharaja of Mymensingh, Raja of Narhipur, Hon. A. H. Ghuznavi, a delegate to the Round Table Conference and the Nawab of Dacca, who attended the meeting spoke supporting the resolutions.—A. P.

SECOND CONSPIRACY CASE

—:0:—

25 Persons Arrested At Lahore.

LAHORE, Oct. 13.

Sjt. Sujanmal, fourth dictator, City Congress Committee, and Sjt. Chunilal Kohli, a student of the Dyal Singh College were arrested to-day under Section 17 (2) Criminal Law Amendment Act.

Over 25 arrests have been made in connection with the second conspiracy case. It is understood that a caligraphist, who is one of the persons arrested has turned an approver and at his instance, it is stated, the police have removed the door of his house which was used as bulls eye for revolver target practice.—A. P.

Bombay Merchants Pledged To Boycott Foreign Cloth.

—:0:—

CONGRESS AT LIBERTY TO ... PUNISH DEFAULTERS.

(Through Boycott Committee B. P. C. C.)

Ten prominent merchants of Bombay have given the following undertaking to the B.P.C.C. regarding boycott of foreign cloth.

"We the undersigned hereby solemnly declare that we shall not buy, sell or deal in any foreign Yarn, Silk or Artificial silk, piecegoods or cloth of the Mills declared Non-Swadeshi by the Congress, we shall not help directly or indirectly, or do any brokerage in the abovementioned cloth. The Congress is at liberty to take any action against the defaulters to prevent their actions.

Messrs. Tejbhandas Wadhamaldas, Teluomal Nandramdas Pokardas Mengharaj Dolatram Mohandas, Veroomal Parasram, Thakurdas Devmal, Chellaram Bhoolchand, Dhanrajmal Chatandas, Pesoomal Vishandas, Virbhandas Cheniram.

Rugby.—The late Duke of Northumberland left an estate valued at two and a half million pounds so far as can be ascertained at present. It is estimated that death duties will amount to over one million pounds.—B. O. W.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company Ltd., by SORABJI PALONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABD ULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Harj Building, Old Custom House Road, Bombay.